The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

Soldiers' Reunion.

Army of the Cumberland.

MILITARY DISPLAY AND FINE PARADE.

Morning and Afternoon Session of the Society.

GOVERNOR HARTRANFT'S ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

Inspection and Review of the Troops.

LIBRARY HALL AT NIGHT.

An Immense and Brilliant Audience.

GEN. WARD'S ELOQUENT ORATION.

Heroes of the Rebellion.

Speeches of President Grant, Gens. Sherman, Sheridan, Hooker, McDowell, Baird, Governor Hartranft and Father Christie.

Pittsburgh has been noticeably favored with good weather, for two or three years past, on occasions selected for public displays, whether of a civic or military character. It was only in keeping with her good fortune that yesterday should be delightful in temperature, and clear and cloudless, furnishing thus all the conditions desirable for the military display attendant upon the opening of the proceedings of the Army of the Cumberland. But for the slight film of smoke,—the ever present evidence of the thrift and industry of our city,—the appearance of atmosphere and streets would have been all that could be desired. But the absence of smoke might have seemed strange to visiting strangers, if so, Pittsburgh realized its fame,—it was a "smoky city."

There was quite a large attendance of members of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland, and for these a cordial reception was prepared. The streets were finely decorated, with evergreens and flags, and a large concourse of people lined the streets, waiting to witness the procession, and greet the heroes of the war. The military escort was quite large; and altogether, a very satisfactory welcome was bestowed on the veterans of the war. The Army of the Cumberland performed some of the severest service, and fought some of the most brilliant battles of the war. That which tried most severely its qualities was the battle of Chickamauga, at which it was partially surrounded, but was held together by Thomas, and fought on to final victory. Putting the Army of the Tennessee on the Mississippi as the right wing of our great military system, and the Army of the Potomac on the left, the Army of the Cumberland occupied the centre, in one view the most important place of all. It never suffered defeat. The Society of the Army of the Cumberland is a purely fraternal organization, military in spirit, and entirely unpolitical in character. So jealous are they in maintaining this feature, that an allusion by General Ward, in closing his address, to the importance of universal amnesty, was quite severely commanded on by General Sheridan, as a violation of the Society's regulations.

There was evidently a very warm and fraternal feeling among the members present. The seven annual meetings of the Society, and more particularly the years of intimate association during the war, served to enkindle feelings of the most affectionate character. Thus far the exercises of the Society have been agreeable and interesting. The effect of the presence of the Society in our community seems to be to re-enkindle the patriotic emotions of the war. Cordiality and intense interest was manifested toward the old Generals, and their speeches were received with enthusiastic applause. We afford a detailed account of the various events of the day, yesterday, in connection with the visit of the Society.

THE PRESIDENT.

As General Sheridan had announced from the stage in Library Hall that President Grant would arrive at the Union Depot shortly after one o'clock, immediately after the adjournment of the meeting at Library Hall a large number of people repaired to the Union Depot, there to wait patiently for his coming. As early as twelve o'clock the depot was thronged with a surging mass of humanity, who eagerly ran out to each train that arrived, thinking that it might bring the President. Now, however, we just upon a post boy's bull, it will always take "a longer." So it was with the Pacific Express, which was to bear the honored guest to this city. The train which was speeding him on his way here had been by accident detained, and he would not arrive in this city till twenty minutes past two o'clock in the afternoon. The crowd, if it was impatient, was very good natured, so jokes were passed, and the running out and passing into the depot again and again, it was really amusing sight to see some man jump on board a car, and after wildly running around for a few moments would ask for the Conductor of the train, and after finding him, would set him down as nearly insane by asking a series of questions, which the official would patiently consider and not answer. But the longest lane will turn; so the slowest train arrives at its journey's end in course of time, and so the General Presidential train, which was known as "Pastime" came pulling into the depot. "Is Grant aboard?" was the first question asked by the spectators. At the further end of the depot a sleeping coach had been detached and Father Gen. J. B. Sweitzer, Capt. Reynolds and Col. W. H. Smith, the committee appointed to receive the President, repaired. Accompanying the President on the same train were Gen. Joe Hooker, Gen. McDowell, Gen. Babcock, Lieut. Colonel Fred. Grant and Lieut. U. S. Grant, Jr. As the President alighted from the car he was hustled by the multitude, and as he entered, a grand cheer resounded through the depot, to which he gracefully responded by raising his hat. It sounded as though the immense crowd would hardly let him into the carriage and that they would hold possession of him, but finally they "let up" on him and he was driven off to the Monongahela House. Gen. Hooker was a little more shrewd than the President, he came *incog.* and walked through the depot unnoticed. The party was driven to the Monongahela house, where a hearty reception was accorded the President and the brave warrior General Hooker. All the parties were lionized more or less, and it was a general hand shaking all around. After the President had washed, he afterwards held a reception when a number of ladies and gentlemen paid their respects to him. It was expected that he would be present at the afternoon session of the Society, but he was too tired.

THE PARADE OF THE DAY.

Great preparations had been made by the general military organizations for a grand display. At ten o'clock a salute was fired by Kunz's Battery, and shortly after some of the organizations commenced to assemble at the Monongahela House. The arrangements for this part of the programme seems to have been somewhat neglected and a long delay was the result. Owing too, to the non-arrival of President Grant, a good deal of disappointment was evinced. General Sherman and other dignitaries arrived at the Monongahela House about nine o'clock, and after about a half an hour being consumed in welcoming them, they breakfasted. Gov. Hartranft had arrived about eight o'clock, and from half-past nine to ten o'clock he gave a sort of informal reception, receiving those who called upon him in his room at the hotel. A large number of citizens availed themselves of this opportunity and paid their respects to the Chief Magistrate of the State.

INFORMAL RECEPTIONS

were also given by Generals Sherman and Sheridan, in a room opposite to that of the Governor. They went through the ceremony of hand-shaking most graciously, and all who called were favorably received by them. General Phil. Sheridan is quite a pleasing conversationalist, and he entertained many of his old friends by his witty sayings and *bon mots*. General Sherman, the unassuming, brave soldier, had a gracious word for all, and none placed themselves in higher estimation in the hearts of the Pittsburgh people than he did yesterday. The reception of the Generals was concluded by half past ten o'clock. Several ladies called upon the distinguished guests, and were introduced. They held a short conversation with them and then departed.

THE PROCESSION STARTS.

While the salute was firing on the levee at the foot of 3rd street, the procession commenced to move. There was some misunderstanding in regard to the route. After a short delay, however, it did move along Water and Wood streets to Fourth avenue, thence along Smithfield street to Fifth avenue, and along Market and Sixth streets to Penn avenue. Here the Committee of Reception and the members of the Army of the Cumberland fell out of the ranks and repaired to Library Hall. The military continued on over the Suspension bridge to Union Park, Allegheny, where General Latta, State Adjutant General, inspected them, and where afterwards they passed in review before Gov. Hartranft.

The following is the number of men reported on the field:

The Duquesne Greys reported 200 men, with full corps of officers. The Fourteenth regiment, 205 men and 19 officers; Jefferson county, 75 men and 3 officers; Walton Blues, 50 men and a full staff of officers; Dunc Karns Rifles, 49 men and a full staff of officers; Avery Guards (colored), 33 men and 3 officers; Knap's Battery, 4 guns and caissons, 55 men and 2 officers.

The cavalry and artillery formed on the right, followed by the Fourteenth, Nineteenth and Eighteenth regiments. After the delays peculiar to such occasions, the line was formed by the staff of the Major General commanding. After the salute had ceased firing the procession moved in the following order:

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

Great Western Band, with Professor Paul Rohrbacher at the head.

Nine carriages; the first one occupied by Generals Sherman, Sheridan, Hartranft and Robinson. Gen. McDowell, Gen. Hooker, Gen. Seitz, Major Barker, and Charles Meyran; No. 3, by Gen. Durbin Ward, orator of the evening; Commodore Rodgers, Father Hickey, Chaplain of the army, and Major Moorhead.

No. 4, by Generals Price, Gen. Brown, Gen. Jordan, and Gen. Craft. Other carriage contained members of the Reception Committee and invalid soldiers.

Army of the Cumberland Local Military Reception Committee, headed by General Negley, General Sweitzer and Colonel N. M. Smith.

Band.

Major General Pearson, commanding Eighteenth Division

Aids—Capts. Morphey, Dunning and Galbraith.

Jefferson Cavalry, Capt. Joseph Large.

Nineteenth Regiment N. G. of Pa.

First Battalion of Infantry, Armstrong county, Lieut. Col. Joe Brown and Staff.

Knap's Battery, two sections, Captain McGill.

Fourteenth Regiment, National Guards (Zouaves).

Eighteenth Regiment, National Guards (Duquesne Greys).

Avery Guards (colored), Captain Bowie.

Citizens in Carriages.

AT LIBRARY HALL.

When the head of the column reached Library Hall the procession halted and Gens. Sherman, Sheridan and Gov. Hartranft alighted from their carriage. They passed into Library Hall, the Members of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland following. Here a scene of beauty presented itself. The interior had been magnificently decorated by those master artist, florists Moore, Wilhelm & Co., of Allegheny City. The stage presented one grand mass of evergreen and plants beautifully arranged. The decorations, as they appear to one entering, are at once plain and striking, and reflects the greatest credit upon the artists. Over the stage, immediately under the arch, embellished on either side by flags, is a banner inscribed in mammoth rustic letters with the word "Welcome."

The stage is handsomely decorated. The rear is adorned with a canvas scene in the woods, in front of this is an officer's marquee tent, weather worn and which has seen service. On the stage flowers and shrubs of a wild nature have been set, so that the scene really presents a picture in the woods. It is filled with the symbols of camp life. On the right and left side in front of the private boxes a stack of arms has been placed, and on the top of each has been placed a sheaf of wheat as a symbol of peace and plenty. The flags and banners of the corps divided in stands on either side, form a sort of base relief. Evergreens have been profusely used and the stage presents a grand and magnificent appearance. The private boxes are also tastefully and gracefully festooned with wreaths and evergreens. On each side over the private boxes are the names of the battles in which the Army of the Cumberland participated. On the left side are the words: "Kenesaw," "Franklin," "Nashville," "Stone River." On the right, "Shiloh," "Mission Ridge," "Atlanta," "Chickamauga." Over the boxes also are scattered profusely brigade, division and corps flags. The balcony is also tastefully festooned with wreaths of Oaken leaves, interspersed with battle flags, forming a pleasing effect. The upper portion of the gallery is also elaborately decorated. Over each of the chandeliers and windows miniature flags have been placed in profuse quantity, while their effect is beautiful. The stage is a perfect bower. From the windows the evergreens have been gracefully suspended and looped in brackets, forming a connection with one another. The decorations are certainly the most complete and elegant ever gotten up, and the artists are the richest in the greatest credit upon the designers. Messrs. Hilands & King, who certainly are thorough masters of the floral art decorative, or they could never have done so finished a piece of work. Upon the whole, it reflects the great est credit upon their taste and judgment.

FREE ADMISSION TO THE PUBLIC.

After the Society had entered the hall the public were admitted. The interior and body of the hall was quickly filled with the youth and beauty as well as the *elite* of the city. Never before in any gathering in this city have a larger number of more brilliant and elegantly dressed ladies been gathered together. To look upon the audience from the stage was really a feast for the eyes. Scattered amongst scarred and battle-worn warriors were fair ladies. It was truly a represent ative gathering.

THE DEAD PRESIDENT.

General Thomas, the venerable man who was so cherished by his comrades in the Army of the Cumberland, was not forgotten. The memory of him, though dead, had not departed. The true hero lives in every heart. On one side of the stage was the vacant chair, draped deep in mourning, and it was calculated to show that there was a void in the death of General Thomas which none could fill.

OPENING BUSINESS.

At eleven o'clock Gen. James S. Negley called the meeting to order. He introduced Rev. Mr. Hezzabaw, the Chaplain of the Army of the Cumberland, who offered up the following

IMPRESSIVE PRAYER:

Thou great and Almighty God, we come into Thy presence considering Thy high and exalted position as the Ruler of the universe, as the commander of the world and all things that are therein. We also delight to come into Thy presence and call Thee "Our Father," for Thou hast said that as a father pitieth his children, so the Lord God pitieth them that love and fear Him. We come into Thy presence especially with praise and thanksgiving for all the benefits of the past, for Thy kind and providential care exercised over us as a society and as one band together, and that Thou hast crowned our pathway with the richest blessings of Thy grace. We thank Thee that Thou hast given rest and peace to the great Government that was saved by Thine interposition, which for liberty of faith to do battle for that holy cause. We thank Thee, O Lord! that we are permitted to meet here today in the presence of these loyal people while they crowd their banners with the men who fought the battles of the country. We beseech Thy all powerful and infinite mercy upon those present as representatives of the Army of the Cumberland and of other armies of the Union. We thank Thee for our long and useful life, health and strength. We thank Thee that Thou hast inspired our hearts with patriotism, and that Thou dost ever keep the streams of patriotism flowing from our hearts. We beseech Thee to look upon us as we now are and bless us, may all the deliberations of this meeting be in the fear of God, and for the honor and glory of Thy name, and the well-being of our great nation.

We deeply grieve over the death of some of our comrades since our last meeting. They have answered the last roll call; they have gone before the great commander of the universe. We pray Thy blessing upon their widows and orphans. May the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be vouchsafed to them, and may they ever be guided and taken care of, and their lives be united to Thine. Let Thy blessing rest upon the loyal citizens of Pittsburgh, and may the grace of our Lord abide with us now and forever. Amen.

GOV. HARTRANFT'S WELCOME ADDRESS.

After the prayer had been concluded, Gen. Negley introduced Gov. Hartranft, who had been selected to welcome the heroes to the State. The Governor was received with a storm of applause. After the applause had subsided he spoke as follows:

Members of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland:

The Committee of Arrangements have assigned to me the duty of speaking your welcome. You are assembled in a city noted for its industry, its intelligence, its wealth and above all for its liberality and hospitality. [Applause.] Its people always receive the Union soldiers with open arms and lavish hands. [Applause.] Nowhere in this broad land did loyalty attain such deep root, during the conflict which was the occasion of the formation of your army, than here. [Applause.] And lying on the great water communication with the South-west, this city had a special interest in the army of the West. By the power and prowess of that army, this city was permitted to continue and, among other things, to manufacture the materials of war to the great advantage of the government. Therefore think that this is a fitting place for your meeting, and I repeat that the liberality and hospitality of the citizens of your great city, can only be excelled by the valor of your soldiers. [Applause.] Therefore, in the name of the citizens of this great city, and in the name of the citizens of Pennsylvania, and in the name of Pennsylvania's comrades of your Society, and in the name of the Pennsylvania comrades of the Union Army, I greet you welcome. [Applause.] It has not been my good fortune to have served with your army, and therefore I am not sufficiently familiar with the details of your eventful history, although I am reminded of some points to which I will take the liberty of referring to, although I want you to understand that while I do refer to them, I look upon your army very much in the same light as other armies. We have all had our victories and all had our defeats. Sometimes we were overpowered by the enemy and driven back for a time, but eventually we conquered. One point comes to my mind now, and was that was on the first day's fight of that memorable battle of Stone river. At early dawn the superior force of the enemy attacked the right wing under McCook and forced it back, except a single division. That division to make. That the proceedings of the last session had been published in book form and distributed among the members. The report was received, and on motion a vote of thanks was extended to the committee for the expeditious manner in which its duties had been discharged.

General Price, of the committee on the Thomas monument, said that they were not able to report but would do so in the morning. On motion the acceptance of the report was postponed.

General Craft, from the Committee appointed to memorialize Congress, in order to secure bronze for the erection of a monument to General Thomas, stated that Congress had granted as much bronze as would be necessary for the purpose, but that it had not yet taken action on the request incorporated in the memorial for a grant of money for the same object. The report was accepted.

Gen. Sheridan stated that there was now no other business before the meeting except to announce Committees for future business.

A member moved that the Memorial Committee be continued and instructed to again memorialize Congress at its next session for the money referred to above.

Another member said that he did not think charity should be asked in the matter. He considered it exclusively the duty of the Army of the Cumberland to erect the monument to the memory of their old commander. (Applause.)

Gen. Craft moved to lay all motions relating to the monument over until to-morrow.

The mover then withdrew his motion until to-day.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF COMMITTEES.

The following committees were then announced by the Secretary, Gen. Ohet.

On Time and Place for Next Meeting—Gen. W. A. Robinson, Col. Henry Stone, Col. W. R. Millward, Maj. J. A. Lowrie, and Capt. William McCrory.

On Memoirs—Gen. T. F. Brown, Col. R. H. Ramsey, and Maj. W. D. Bickham.

On Publication—General H. M. Cist, C. W. Steele and Major W. W. Barker.

On Orator and Alternate — General Joe Hooker, General A. Baird, General O. M. Poe, Colonel Wm. McMichael, Colonel Wm. H. Greenwood, and Captain J. W. Wood.

On Nomination of Officers—General Charles Craft, General S. W. Price, General James Barnett, General T. J. Jordan, Colonel Wm. H. Sinclair, Major J. W. Free, and Captain W. C. Crane.

THE HISTORY OF THE ARMY.

After the Committees were announced some discussion was had in relation to the history of the Army of the Cumberland, that is being written by Chaplain Vanhorn. Col. Stone spoke of it very highly, said that it had been carefully and laboriously prepared, and would be the best history of the army that had been written, owing to the great facilities at the command of this author for getting the truth of every vexed or undecided question. Gen Jeff. C. Davis had read and corrected that part of it referring to his campaign and the same could be said of other commanders. The history would contain the best maps, &c.

Another speaker said it was the wish of General Thomas that Chaplain Vanhorn should write the history of the Cumberland Army. The speaker himself had great confidence in the author.

On motion the meeting adjourned until evening.

EVENING SESSION.

Long before the hour set for the commencement of business the balcony in Library Hall was packed full, and hundreds there were who could not get even a peep inside. The lower part of the hall was reserved for the members of the Society, but it is questionable whether they all got seats, as the ladies were out in full force, and, as a matter of course, soldiers would not permit them to stand. About half-past seven o'clock Lieutenant General Sheridan, in full dress uniform, accompanied by a number of friends, stepped upon the stage, and was greeted with a loud applause. A moment or two after a tornado of clapping hands, cheering and stamping set demonstrations the approach of President Grant, followed by General Sherman, General McDowell, and a number of others. They came down the left side, and passing through the private box, came out upon the stage in full view of the audience. It may be said that a Fourth assemblage is not demonstrative. That may be so, but it would, perhaps, be difficult to convince Generals Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, and the others, that such is the case, after standing on the stage in Library Hall and receiving the enthusiastic ovation that was extended to them. Gen. Sheridan as President of the Society, took his seat at the chairman's table; on his right sat President Grant attired in a plain suit of black; next to him was General Sherman in full uniform, and by the side of Sherman sat General Joe Hooker, whose faltering footsteps as he walked across the stage told that the years were bearing heavily upon him. To the right of Hooker was General Durbin Ward the orator of the occasion, and General McDowell, who, by the way, is a man of very fine and commanding appearance.

General Sheridan called the Society to order and stepped forward to the front in response to an announcement from him the Allegheny Quartette Club, under the leadership of Professor Slack, favored the audience with a song entitled "Unfold the Glorious Banner."

The above music was over the chairman introduced General Archibald Blakely who delivered the following

ADDRESS OF WELCOME

Soldiers of the Army of the Cumberland and Your Distinguished Guests:

I bid you welcome to Pittsburgh. This greeting comes not from me alone, but it wells up from the hearts of all our people. And yet are we your debtors, for you have nobly earned a right royal welcome from every loyal heart in every American fireside. The heroes of the Army of the Cumberland are not unknown to the people of Pittsburgh. Your fame has gone into the hearts and your deeds of valor are written in letters of enduring light on our country's history.

In all your weary years of service; in camp, on the march, in bivouac, in battle; when the noblest of your ranks fell around you; in those years ago—on "the dark and bloody ground" of Kentucky, under the brave Anderson; when afterwards you burst your swaddling clothes, and took form and shape in the "army of Georgia" of Sherman;—when you fought at Mill Spring;—when Buell led you to victory at Shiloh; in your wanderings by the Tennessee; in your long race thence to Chaplin Hills; in your rebound northward to Stone river, and your memorable victory there under Rosecranz; in your campaign through Tullahoma and across the Tennessee; in your bloody struggle on the ill-starred field of Chickamauga; when you stood above the clouds with Hooker at Lookout; when under the eye of Grant, Sherman, Hooker, Thomas and Sheridan you charged Mission Ridge; and in all your marches and sieges and battles from Georgia to Atlanta; when, returning, you gathered your strength for a death struggle, and with your comrade armies of the West, on the icy slopes of Nashville under Thomas you fell upon the hosts of Hood and overwhelmed them; in all these your gallant struggles and glorious victories, the heart of Pittsburgh was with you; the substance of her citizens went forth to support you, and the prayers of her people continually ascended to the God of battles for your preservation and success

And she could not have done less; for her sons were there—the footmen and the horsemen of Pennsylvania were there, and with you received the baptism of fire. Many of them sank to rest, and your hands helped to place upon their lifeless forms the soldiers' mantle of glory—the blood-crimsoned sod of the field on which he died for his country. There for you came to us as old friends, and not as strangers.

We rejoice to meet you here in our smoke-begrimed city. We welcome you now and urge you to come again. We know that the hospitalities of our cities would be greatly improved you to come again. Be not next year, or the year, come *any time; come some time;* yea, though it be when the survivors of the Army of the Cumberland are few, old, grey-haired, decrepit, tottering upon canes; yea, though there be but one soul left; come, we beseech you, and around our blazing fires you shall be warmed and the hearts of your children shall be gladdened. Our minister unto you and the bright eyes of good *women cheer you,* while with kindling eye and throbbing heart young again you tell our children's children the story of the battles of the Cumberland.

Aye, tell them of Shiloh, of Stone River, of Chickamauga, of Lookout, of Mission Ridge, of Chattanooga to Atlanta, of Nashville and the march to the sea and of soldiers who fought there; names and battles historic till history is lost!

God grant that you may be able to say in that day to those who listen to you: "Your fathers were there and did their duty!" the precious inheritance and noblest legacy! The thought that this Society will cease to exist when the Army of the Cumberland has passed from time to eternity may be a sad one, but the eye of faith looks forward to where the pure spirit of Garfield, the knightly and of Lytle will take mysteries of their death; and more, may not the "Boy in Blue" and "Boy in Grey" there sit down and explain how they met in the shock of battle, and each striking for the heart of the other, found their young souls from the warring clay and sent them upward through the battle cloud to their God together? And there may not Lee tell Grant how *he* lost, and Grant tell Lee how *he* won?

When I meet him who has put himself in peril for me, I love to grasp his hand in silence, look into his manly eye, and in this worldly communion take him to my heart and thank him. Such, it seems to me, would be a fitting welcome to you to-night. But the conventionalities of life have decreed that a formal address of welcome shall be tendered.

O thou inspirer of language, give me golden words to fitly greet these men of war who so bravely solved the great problem of American slavery by the arbitrament of the sword.

To your Excellency, the President of the United States, it seems like solemn mockery to address formal words of welcome. Sir, the nation whose armies you led to victory is your *home.* If etiquette demands that you be formally received in this part of that home, let me say in the brusque language of the soldier and the folk, with the brevity you love, "General Grant, you are welcome. May heaven bless you."

And to you, Sir, the General of the Army of the United States, can I say less? for in all the land and over all the waters covered by the stars and stripes—*Sherman is at home!* From stars and stripes—Sherman is at home! From Pittsburgh Landing eleven years ago last April, to your landing at Pittsburgh to-day, the eyes of the nation have been upon you, and with one acclaim they greet you, "Well done, good and faithful servant."

Considering what you have done for your country, you may well exclaim with David. "Blessed be the Lord; my strength which teacheth my hands to war and my fingers to fight." You are welcome indeed.

And to you, sir, the Lieutenant General of the Army, we tender a most cordial welcome. Sir, your distinguished services for your country have won the hearts of the people everywhere, and their welcome to you here comes up fresh as the morning bird song, and fragrant with blessings. Allow me to say that, though other organizations may claim you, and the country call you her own, we, passing your deeds through the alembic of truth, still hold you as one of the brightest jewels which sparkle in the crown of the Army of the Cumberland! May the mantle of Thomas long rest upon your worthy shoulders! And to you, sir, and to you, and you, and to all who bore commission and responsibility of command, and the resulting risk of success failure, we tender a most hearty welcome! Sirs, we have, indeed, welcome, and to one and all the latch-string is out, and the children by the wayside rise up and call you blessed.

And to the private soldier who carried the musket or the sabre—you who, at the first bugle blast, came forth alike from mansion and hamlet,—you who were the moving phalanx of living blue, extending from river to river, and from mountain to mountain—who, with face to the foe, and without hope of reward or expectation of promotion, but from the conviction of duty to country, pressed steadily onward, *onward,* shoulder to shoulder!—onward, arm to arm!!—onward, touch to touch!!!—onward to victory!!!! Hail, and thrice welcome!

During the delivery of his speech, General Blake'ely was frequently interrupted by applause, and when he was through, the Great Western Band, seated in the rear part of the hall, played "Marching Through Georgia."

When the music was over, Col. Richard Realf, of the Pittsburgh press, was introduced, and in a very effective manner read the following excellent poem:

SALVETE MILITES.

Inscribed to the Surviving Members of the Army of the Cumberland.

Welcome! And when we say it, we pack our hearts in the saying,
Just as we did in the days war-crested, flame-ing and thunderous,
When half the people were fighting and half the people were praying,
And slowly from crimson quags the granite of Peace rose under us.

Ah, those were lofty days: when, straight through our mincing and canting,
The Soul of the Nation flashed, and gripped forth, kindled and panting,
And drained its aloes like wine, and strode
Hewing, in forests of Lies, clear space for the Truth to stand.

Ah, those were mighty days: Mighty for stress and for sorrow,
And mighty for regnant Manhood that turned them to glory and gain:—
What would have been the cast of Humanity's crowned to morrow,
Save for the yesterdays of tribulant passion and pain?

Save for the vivids swords which our reverent hearths are keeping—
Save for the eloquent guns that held high faith with the State—
Save for the heroes that sleep, and those who pass to their sleeping.—
Save for the dead that are shrined and the living who calmly wait?

This is our time of thrift: of commerce, and art, and science—
And Nature, our nursing mother, healeth the hurts of war.

But the luster-lights of our years are the sacrificial giants
Who clave our blackness asunder and beaconed us where we are.

THOMAS, poised Titan of Battle—and SHERIDAN, Wrath's archangel,
And him whose Cosmic purpose not Chaos it-self can appal;
And lance like SHERMAN who spurred with the century's sharp evangel
Into our centuried drowse, and clartioned Sloth awake—

And HOOKER, climbing the clouds when his quarry perplexed above him,
And MEADE—Disciple of Duty—(our hearts bend over his grave:)
And plumed MCPHERSON the splendid—the true Havens guard him and love him—
And the thousand heroes of the ranks—the vast, unlaureled brave—

Living or dead, Earth thrills with their luminous fervor of spirit;
Living or dead, their blood hath entered into our veins.

Their voices—the nebulous stars of the pinnacled firmament hear it—
Their work—its nethermost pits its august in-fluence reigns.

For what are our times and spaces? LEONIDAS greeted WARREN:
Under our scarlet fields great Marathon's so great ran—
Nothing is Past, or Future: nothing is hidden or foreign:
The speech of Freedom is one—and one is the Soul of Man.

The following oration was delivered by Gen. Durbin Ward, of Lebanon, Ohio, and a member of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland. It was listened to with the deepest attention.

ORATION.

Comrades of the Army of the Cumberland:

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When half the people were fighting and half the people were praying,
And slowly from crimson quags the granite of Peace rose under us.

Ah, those were lofty days: when, straight through our mincing and canting,
The Soul of the Nation flashed, and gripped forth, kindled and panting,
And drained its aloes like wine, and strode
Hewing, in forests of Lies, clear space for the Truth to stand.

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And mighty for regnant Manhood that turned them to glory and gain:—
What would have been the cast of Humanity's crowned to morrow,
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Save for the vivids swords which our reverent hearths are keeping—
Save for the eloquent guns that held high faith with the State—
Save for the heroes that sleep, and those who pass to their sleeping.—
Save for the dead that are shrined and the living who calmly wait?

This is our time of thrift: of commerce, and art, and science—
And Nature, our nursing mother, healeth the hurts of war.

But the luster-lights of our years are the sacrificial giants
Who clave our blackness asunder and beaconed us where we are.

THOMAS, poised Titan of Battle—and SHERIDAN, Wrath's archangel,
And him whose Cosmic purpose not Chaos it-self can appal;
And lance like SHERMAN who spurred with the century's sharp evangel
Into our centuried drowse, and clartioned Sloth awake—

And HOOKER, climbing the clouds when his quarry perplexed above him,
And MEADE—Disciple of Duty—(our hearts bend over his grave:)
And plumed MCPHERSON the splendid—the true Havens guard him and love him—
And the thousand heroes of the ranks—the vast, unlaureled brave—

Living or dead, Earth thrills with their luminous fervor of spirit;
Living or dead, their blood hath entered into our veins.

Their voices—the nebulous stars of the pinnacled firmament hear it—
Their work—its nethermost pits its august in-fluence reigns.

For what are our times and spaces? LEONIDAS greeted WARREN:
Under our scarlet fields great Marathon's so great ran—
Nothing is Past, or Future: nothing is hidden or foreign:
The speech of Freedom is one—and one is the Soul of Man.

The following oration was delivered by Gen. Durbin Ward, of Lebanon, Ohio, and a member of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland. It was listened to with the deepest attention.

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OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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KING, REED & CO.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1873.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
ISAAC G. GORDON, Jefferson county.

STATE TREASURER,
ROBERT W. MACKEY, Allegheny county.

COUNTY TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
THOMAS EWING, Pittsburgh.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
J. W. F. WHITE, Sewickley.
STATE SENATOR,
GEORGE H. ANDERSON, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
HENRY H. MCCORMICK, Pittsburgh.
Second City District,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, Pittsburgh.
County Districts,
J. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins.
A. B. YOUNG, Robinson.
A. C. HAYS, Pittsburgh, (South Side.)
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley
HENRY GERWIG, Allegheny.
PROTHONOTARY,
B. F. KENNEDY, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY TREASURER,
SAMUEL KILGORE, Pittsburgh.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, Pittsburgh, 2 years.
JAMES G. MURRAY, Upper St. Clair, 2 years.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN MCCLELLAND, West Deer.
CORONER,
WILLIAM MCCALLIN, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
THOMAS VARNER, Baldwin.

BONDS at Frankfort 97¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 40f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111¼.

THE final evacuation of French territory by the Germans has been made the occasion of great rejoicing by the French at Verdun.

THE *Graphic* managers have put forth a statement of circumstances attending the construction and inflation of their balloon. It is fortified by documents, and, in our judgment, fully exculpates them from blame, for the failure made.

THE Republican successes against the insurgents in Spain, if not a consequence of Castellar's elevation to the Presidency, will serve to give *eclat* and confidence to his administration. He may yet prove, what he has been called, the saviour of Spain.

AT a meeting of the Western Nail Association yesterday, it was resolved to advance the price 12½ cents per keg. The card is now $4.50. The Iron Association also held a meeting, but it was deemed imprudent to make any change in rates for the present. It is very gratifying to learn that our iron mills and nail factories are all busy and working to their full capacity.

THE ravages of the yellow fever are alarming the people of the South. The destruction of life at Shreveport is very considerable, when the population of the place is considered. A very decided alarm is felt in New Orleans, and farther South, in Texas. The coming of frost can alone, apparently, prevent serious results in all the region usually visited by the yellow fever.

THE Pittsburgh, Baltimore and Washington Railroad was compelled, on the first of July, to ask to be relieved from the immediate payment of the interest on the $2,337,000 of second mortgage bonds held by the City of Baltimore. The amount due was $140,220. President Cohen, in asking indulgence, stated that the debt of the road, on examination, was found to be greater than it had been thought to be by $1,000,000—being $3,500,000 in place of $2,500,000. Also, that the severity of the past winter had lessened travel and increased expense. These things look badly, but we sincerely hope the road may be able to extricate itself from its difficulty.

THE question of the influence of pavements on the health of the people is just being discussed among the Eastern journals and scientists. The opinion is against cobblestone pavements, the reason being that they are detrimental to health. In New York one of the health officers, Mr. Dickinson, declared that the greatest obstacle to the thorough cleansing of the streets is the cobblestone pavement, and that it is also a prolific source of disease. Scientists everywhere sustain his views. It can neither be kept clean nor in good condition. The interstices between the stones are the receptacles for filth and garbage. Almost any other pavement it is declared is better, and even cheaper, if repairs are included, than cobblestones.

THE GAZETTE, a short time since, gave expression to the view, in a series of articles, that excessive charges for freight, and especially for breadstuffs, by railroad or transportation companies, is exceedingly unwise, even from the standpoint of their own interests. This was disputed, and the theory presented that the remedy is for farmers to change their grains into pork or beef, or to encourage manufactures. Recently Mr. Potts, of the Empire Transportation Company, asserted, as a general principle, that "It is an unwise policy to charge excessive rates, for by so doing we cripple our customers and prevent increase of production;" and he added that "there are railroads who charge a high price for short distances when there is no competition; but that is not good policy, and it is mostly done on roads governed by people of limited railroad experience." We commend the subject, as it comes from the lips of a party interested.

OUR telegraphic dispatches yesterday mentioned the sale of a hundred tons of American iron in the Liverpool market. This is boarding the lion in his den. We like the boldness and enterprise of such movements, and hope our manufacturers will press such advantages as they have thus far gained. We have felt it our duty to caution our manufacturers against plunging recklessly ahead, under the impression that the victory has been finally gained, and nothing is needed but to gather up the fruits. It is not our view that the English manufacturers have given over the struggle. They have banded together in a union, pledged to resist the demands of their workmen; and while their first battle is at home, it is meant ultimately to have its influence in the general market. Energy, with caution, is the watchword for American manufacturers. They need to consolidate their strength. This done, and the final triumph is sure.

A NEW and unsuspected organization developed during the recent political canvass in San Francisco, and succeeded in securing the election of all the candidates it supported, save one. It was a politico-religious organization, called the Order of the Crescent, and its object was the exclusion of Roman Catholics from office. It numbered about 6,000 votes, using these as a balance of power, between the other two parties. It secured the election of Cockrill for Chief of Police over Crowley, McRibbin for Sheriff over White, and Otto Frank for Recorder over Lucien Hermann. On the Legislative ticket no contest was made, but its actual strength was shown in the vote for District Attorney. In this case, both the Republican and Democratic nominees, Mr. Murphy and Mr. Ryan, were Roman Catholics. The Crescent vote was given entire to Nathan Porter, whose personal friends did not even regard him as a candidate, and he received about 6,000 votes. In the election of School Directors, also, the power of the Crescents was manifested, and, as it now appears, there are not more than two Roman Catholics who will be called upon to administer the school affairs of San Francisco.

THE MEETING YESTERDAY.

As we anticipated, a cordial welcome was yesterday extended to the members of the Army of the Cumberland, visiting our city, and we are glad to say it was gratefully appreciated by the visitors present. General Sherman alluded to it in his address, remarking particularly upon its earnestness and cordiality. General Sheridan also referred to it, and said he was not surprised, as he had commanded Allegheny county men during the war, and their uniform bravery led him to know that there were loyal hearts where these came from. We are gratified that so kindly an appreciation of what has been done is exhibited, and that the position of Pittsburgh toward all that is loyal and brave is so well understood.

There was a large gathering of the members of the Army of the Cumberland, the portion of the hall reserved for them being well filled. In the numbers in attendance, the enthusiasm displayed, the distinguished persons present, and the surrounding interest, the meeting in this city is a distinguished success. The military escort displayed, and the ovation of the people, showed the reverence and love for those who fought some of the great battles of the war. Had the occasion been one of public and national importance, the interest of the people, the cordiality of the ovation, could not have been excelled. True is it that those who served well their country in the time of danger are remembered and loved by the people to-day. A decade gone has not chilled affection, or deadened remembrance. The emoluments and honors bestowed on any distinguished Generals are heartily given, and the people, so far from being jealous, cordially approve the generosity shown. Our Republic, and the people comprising it, are not ungrateful.

Of the business proper of the Association of the Army of the Cumberland we do not need to speak. Some of it is technical and routine. One important part will be the determining who shall fashion the monument to Thomas. Distinguished artists have models on exhibition. The love felt for Thomas, testified as it was, by retaining on the platform his chair, robed in mourning, will lead to care in selecting. It has already led to a demand that the monument shall be faithful to life. We hope that all will be gratified with the result of their care, and that the completed work may realize the most exacting taste. Of the stay of the members of the Army of the Cumberland in our city, we cannot doubt that it will be entirely agreeable.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

THE Cleveland City Council has passed an ordinance annexing the village of Newburg.

THE trial of Kate Stoddard, accused of having murdered Charles Goodrich, is to be begun early in October.

IT is estimated that upwards of $5,000,000 will be expended on the improvements in and near Jersey City by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

THE schooner "Three Brothers" is supposed to have been lost in the recent terrible gales off the Nova Scotia coast. She had a crew of nine persons.

IN Ireland, with less than 5,400,000 inhabitants, the two shillings license duty was paid in 1872 on 290,796 dogs. The British Government will not object to the continuance of this grievous tale so long as the Treasury is benefited by this tax on a nation of wags.

WM. D. REVALS, W. R. Twigg, John Smendeth and Wm. B. Tabb, seconds in Mordecai-McCarty duel, in Virginia, appeared yesterday for trial, but the case not being ready, they were again admitted to bail in $10,000 each until the October term of the court. McCarty is not yet able to make his appearance in court, but he is improving.

MEN who want to recover damages for trespass set the highest possible value on their property; when they are to be assessed for a tax levy, they are poor indeed. The Commission appointed to examine into and report upon the Mexican raids into Texas report a total damage of about $30,000,000 to the flocks and herds of the Texans living in the border counties. The assessed valuation of that species of property in the whole State is just about that sum. Texan live stock must have increased enormously in value since the Mexicans stole it by the wholesale.

"AFTERMATH," Longfellow's new poem, has the following graceful closing verses:

When the Summer fields are mown,
When the birds are fledged and flown,
And the dry leaves strew the path;
With the falling of the snow,
With the cawing of the crow,
Once again the fields we mow
And gather in the aftermath.

Not the sweet, new grass with flowers
Is this harvesting of ours;
Not the upland clover bloom;
But the rowen mixed with weeds,
Tangle tufts from marsh and meads,
Where the poppy drops its seeds
In the silence and the gloom.

THE International Exposition of Chili will take place at Valparaiso in September, 1874. Chili itself will display flour, wheat, barley and beans, and dried peaches in cakes, besides nitrate of soda, copper and silver. The prosperity of Chili was established between 1849 and 1855, when it supplied California with agricultural products. The capital thus earned was reinvested in mines, agriculture, real estate improvements, ship building, flour mills, roads, railroads, and telegraphs. To show the enterprise of the inhabitants, a railway is projected to cross the Pampas and connect Santiago, the capital, with Buenos Ayres, by way of Mendoza. This trans-continental road will be completed within ten years. Chili is the most orderly and the most civilized of all the South American republics. She is least addicted to change and restlessness, and consequently is at the head of modern progress in the southern continent of America.

POLITICAL.

THE next elections are those of Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Iowa, which will come on the second Tuesday in October.

HON. BUTLER B. STRANG, of Tioga county, is spoken of as the possible Republican candidate for Governor after Hartranft.

THE Democrats of Luserne county have selected Michael Crogan, J. W. Loftus, C. K. Moore and Dr. Kressler as their candidates for the Legislature. Hon. Stanley Woodward has been chosen Chairman of the County Committee.

THE Republican majority in Maine will vary but a few votes from 10,500. The Senate will be: Republicans 31, Democrat 1. The House: Republicans 96, Democrats 55, Independents 5. The Governor's majority is proportionately larger than ever before given.

A CALL has been issued in Louisiana for a State Delegate Convention of colored men, to be held in New Orleans, on Monday, Nov. 17th, to elect a committee to proceed to Washington with the proofs that have been collected of the frauds perpetrated against the Republican voters of the State at the election in November of last year.

A REMINISCENCE.

How Clothing was Obtained in the Olden Time.

The New England Historic Genealogical Society held a meeting on Wednesday last. Hon. Amasa Walker read a paper on "New England Household Manufactures in the Olden Time," and told how he obtained a coat when he was a boy. Many of our older citizens will be able to recall similar experiences:

He said after he had obtained the wool and carried it a long distance to be carded, he found the parties over-burdened with business. Everybody desired their wool carded as well as he, and the lad was obliged to wait the natural course of events, which meant two weeks. I returned home, he said, and when the two weeks had elapsed, again presented myself at the mill, and inquired for the wool. It would be done in less than another week. It was done when I next visited them, and I took my possession home. My mother was quite delighted on my arrival, and at once set to work to spin it on the great wheel. Flax at that time was spun on foot-wheels, as they were called. At the appointed time he made another journey to Jennie, with his bundle bound behind him, to the cloth store at Knoxville. He was obliged to be contented with receiving a promise of the cloth in three weeks. When that period had elapsed, he went again. He had to wait a long time, but finally obtained his treasure and started home. After three weeks' delay and disappointment, Uncle Daniel gave him the cloth for his surtout, and then Aunt Debby, the tailoress, had to be engaged to make it. Aunt Debby could not come for some days, but at last, after more hardships in going for the formidable creature at early sunrise on a cold, frosty day, and waiting for her to finish a job, she was obtained, and the hardly-earned garment was at last completed, as well as his brother's clothes.

PERSONAL.

CHARLES BRADLAUGH, English agitator, arrived in New York yesterday.

FRANK S. DE HASS, of New York, has received the appointment of Consul at Jerusalem.

MR. A. A. GARGULLO has been appointed interpreter to the American Legation at Constantinople.

WM. B. ALLISON writes from Vienna, under date of August 22, that he and Mrs. Allison expect to leave Liverpool by the steamer of the 4th of October for home.

MRS. ELIZABETH ALLEN, of Charlestown, aetat 101, being persuaded that smoking and snuff-taking were slowly undermining her constitution, has abandoned both habits.

THE late Duke of Brunswick was borne to his grave on the funeral car that was used at the obsequies of Louis XVIII., the Duke de Morny and Prince Jerome Bonaparte.

MISS MARMORA DEVOE, the first woman who has pursued to graduation in the regular course in the Meadville, Penn., Theological Seminary, has settled at Newcastle, Penn.

COL. C. E. MERRILL, the man who bearded the Kentucky Kuklux in their den, and succeeded in drawing the attention of the Government to the necessity of their extermination, is an ex-Confederate.

MME. PICCOLOMINI, although she has abandoned the stage for ever, always gives her assistance for any charitable purpose, and recently sung at a concert given at Siena, by the Orchestral Society of that town.

IT is stated that Professor Wise has accepted an offer from a gentleman of New York of a silk balloon, to cost $12,000. It is to be made during the winter, and the Professor will start on the long talked of voyage in the spring.

GEORGE SAND is the wealthiest authoress in the world. Forty years ago almost on the brink of starvation, she has now an annual income of over one hundred thousand francs from her copyrights and life contracts with French publishing houses.

TICHBORNE people are springing up all over the world. Charles Burgess, of Sonora, Cal., writes to a San Francisco paper that at the age of fourteen he wore the livery of the Tichborne family, and was a boy together with Sir Roger. All he asks is a ten-minutes' interview in which to satisfy himself of the claimant's pretensions. Mr. Burgess went to California twenty years ago.

THIS is the way in which the *Index* talks of Mr. Beecher: "It is funny to see the religious papers wrangling over 'Mr. Beecher's Theology.' Why, the good man hasn't any! How some people worry themselves to take the parallax of a shooting star, or determine the locus of a lively grasshopper! Mr. Beecher, the star and the grasshopper all come under one rule—'Now you see him, and now you don't.'"

IT is a remarkable fact that Gen. E. S. McCook, who was recently killed at Yankton by Wintermute, the banker, is the fifth member of the family who has met a violent death. Charles M. McCook, the youngest, was killed at the first battle of Bull Run; Brig. Gen. Robert L. McCook was assassinated by guerrillas, in Tennessee, while sick in his ambulance; Major Daniel McCook, the father of the family, was killed while in pursuit of Morgan, during his Ohio raid; Brig. Gen. Daniel McCook was killed at the battle of Kenesaw Mountain; and lastly, Edwin S. McCook, after meeting bravely all the hazards of the war, was assassinated at Yankton. Three sons remain: Col. George W. McCook, the eldest; Maj. Gen. A. McD. McCook, now in Texas; and Capt. John McCook, who is practicing law.

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Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

Special Announcement.

Having purchased from the firm of Messrs. Overholt their entire stock of the
CELEBRATED BRANDS OF
WHISKIES,
KNOWN AS THE
A. & H. S. Overholt,
B. F. Overholt & Co., and
H. S. Overholt & Co.,
We are prepared to furnish the trade with the above brands with age ranging from 1 to 9 years old.
We have also on hand and in store a large stock of the well known
McKim, Moore, Finch and Fountain
And other PURE
RYE WHISKIES,
At all ages to suit. Our stock of Imported
Cognacs, Ports, Sherries, Gins,
&c., are among the largest, all of which we offer to the trade at very reasonable prices. Call and be convinced.
J. K. Lanahan & Co.,
No. 355 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

AVOID THE DANGER.

The general inquiry at this time, when miasmatic exhalations lead to disease and threaten an epidemic, is for a
Reliable and Perfect Disinfectant!
The one which has demonstrated its excellence in use, and which bears the endorsement of the medical fraternity is the
Carbolate Powder.
MANUFACTURED BY THE
PITTSBURGH TAR CHEMICAL WORKS,
And for sale by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists. jel27

JAS. M. WALKER,
372 Penn Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.
(Opposite C. & P. R. R. Freight Depot).
Manufacturers' Agent
For the sale of all goods made by
N. U. WALKER & CO.,
WELLSVILLE, OHIO.
Vitrified Stone Sewer Pipe,
VITRIFIED WATER PIPE,
Fire Brick of all shapes, Cupola and Furnace Linings, Fine Ground Fire Clay, Chimney Tops and Flues, HYDRAULIC CEMENTS and CALCINED PLASTER.
ALL TERRA COTTA WORK.
The location of the Works is near Wellsville, Ohio, on the bank of the Ohio River, and on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Convenient for shipping to Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville, and other river points, and Cleveland, Chicago and all points on the Lakes or Railroad. Orders filled promptly from the Works or Warehouse. jel

Prohibition County Ticket.

PRESIDENT JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
THOMAS C. LAZEAR.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN H. BAILEY.
STATE SENATE,
JAMES MCCANDLESS.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
SAMUEL GLASS.
Second City District,
A. N. MCGONNIGLE.
County Districts,
D. J. ROGERS, Mansfield.
JONATHAN GALLAGHER, Allegheny,
THOMAS H. RABE, Allegheny.
THOS. P. HERSHBERGER, South Side.
FRANK PATTERSON, Elizabeth Tp.
PROTHONOTARY,
ANDREW HARPER, Richland Tp.
TREASURER,
W. W. GREER, Verona Borough.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
ISAAC MILLS, Sr., (3 yrs.,) Braddocks,
JOHN THOMPSON, (2 yrs.,) Sewickley.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOSEPH BIRMINGHAM.
CORONER,
W. G. WARREN, Wilkinsburg.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
WILLIAMS ELLIOTT, Jefferson Tp.
se8:te

Independent Labor Ticket.

STATE TICKET.
JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
ALEXANDER GORDON.
STATE TREASURER,
FRANK M. HUTCHINSON.
COUNTY TICKET.
PRESIDENT JUDGE, DISTRICT CUURT.
THOS. C. LAZEAR.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN H. BAILEY.
SENATOR,
J. M. DAVIS.
ASSEMBLY,
First City District,
JOHN LANG.
Second City District,
GEORGE CLAY.
County at Large,
WM. D. WOOLSLAYER,
BENJ. ROGERS,
JAMES L. CLINE,
A. G. THOBURN,
G. R. HUGHES,
PROTHONOTARY,
JAMES RICHARDSON.
TREASURER,
SAMUEL KILGORE.
COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
A. B. HAYDEN, 3 years,
JAS. G. MURRAY, 2 years,
JURY COMMISSIONER,
PETER O'HANLON.
CORONER,
J. L. WILLIAMS.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
SAMUEL STOUT.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1868.
ASSETS January 1, 1873, - $778,251 56.
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 9 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; J. Bu ncer, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, Jas. Chalfant, C. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahn, G. Fohansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

FOR FINE MEDITERRANEAN SPONGES
GO TO
Corner of
PENN AND SIXTH.
Old St. Clair sts.
Bathing Sponges, Barbers' Sponges, Fine Toilet Sponges of every description. Also, a full assortment of FRESH DRUGS and CHEMICALS.
So d at the very lowest prices at
Browne's Drug Store
Cor. Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LUMBER.

Dry Hemlock Joist, - - $17
Dry Pine Joist, - - 24
Dry Oak Plank, - - 30
Dry Clear Plank, - - 45
AT
Superior Lumber Co.'s Yards,
Corner Twenty-Second and Railroad streets, and cor. Twenty-ninth and Liberty streets.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
Dickson, Stewart & Co.
Miners, Shippers and Dealers in
FAMILY, NUT AND BLACKSMITH
COAL.
Office and Yards—567 Liberty Street.
Particular attention given to filling orders for theatrescoal. jel9

Use the PEERLESS WRINGER.
se16-s8-TTH
Sewer Pipes, Chimney Flues,
AND
CHIMNEY TOPS.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
128 Second Avenue, Pittsburgh.

WALL PAPER.
REMOVAL.
W. P. MARSHALL
Has removed from 191 Liberty street, to the new and elegant storehouse,
No. 47 Seventh Street
(FORMERLY IRWIN,)
BETWEEN PENN AND LIBERTY.
NOTE.—W. P. M. has facilities for obtaining the newest and most advanced styles of Paper Hangings from the leading manufacturers in France and this country, and while he will always have the most elegant and expensive papers, he will also have all qualities down to the cheapest.

Mackeown, Thompson & Co.
Successors to W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,
WHOLESALE
Drugs and Oils,
195 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
s26-TTHS

NEW CHROMO,
TOUCH HIM AGAIN IF YOU DARE
A spirited picture, by one of our best native artists, given away by the
GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA COMPANY,
se11s79 32 FIFTH AVENUE.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
NEW, NEW, NEW.
Hats and Bonnets,
The latest styles just opened.
RIBBONS
An immense and unusually attractive stock.
French Flowers,
Plumes, Feathers, Wings,
Pompons, Ostrich Tips,
The latest novelties.
Millinery Goods,
In full assortment.
Ruching,
The latest and most desirable styles.
Fringes and Gimps,
Of all kinds.
Hamburg Trimmings,
Edgings,
Flouncings,
Insertings.
Hair Goods,
Real and Imitation.
Trimming Laces.
Guipure, Real and Imitation,
English Thread Lace,
Spanish Lace,
French Lace,
Yak Lace.
Shirt Fronts.
All sizes Plaits for Men and Boy's Plain and Embroidered.
Black Velvet Belts,
With the newest pattern of Buckles and Clasps.
Notions and Trimmings.
Every department complete in assortments.
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

1873. FALL. 1873.
NEW GOODS
JUST OPENED
All the New Shades in
Cashmeres,
Satteens,
Merinos,
Serges,
Mohairs,
Balernos,
Empress,
Poplins,
Chintzes.
We are showing a new and carefully selected stock of Desirable
DRESS GOODS
In all the New Shades.
Also, a full line of
Black Goods,
In every desirable material,
AT LOW PRICES.
A CALL IS SOLICITED.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
Cor. 4th Avenue and Market St.
Bargains, Bargains
Striped Silks.
Japanese Silks.
Grenadines and Hernanis.
Linen Suits.
Lace Beauties and Points.
Shawls.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas
Selling at greatly reduced prices to make room for FALL GOODS, at
H. J. LYNCH'S,
No. 96 Market Street.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
LOW PRICES.
GOOD STYLES.
Mattings,
Oil Cloths,
Shades,
Stair Rods, &c.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue

CARPETS.
OUR FALL STOCK OF
Axminster,
Moquette,
Wilton,
Velvet,
Solid Brussels,
Tapestry Brussels,
Ingrain and
Common
Carpets is the most complete ever offered in this market. Styles and prices cannot fail to give satisfaction.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS,
Oil Cloths,
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC.
HENRY McCALLUM,
51 Fifth Avenue.

Window Glass
SAMUEL DUFF.....TERRENCE CAMPBELL
WINDOW GLASS MANUFACTURERS. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light to five thousand boxes on short notice. We select the best sheet glass to fill orders cut in our warehouse. It will be to the advantage of all parties wanting Glass to give us a call before going elsewhere. Warehouse on the corner of Market street and First avenue.
Feb18-MTH-85 DUFF & CAMPBELL.

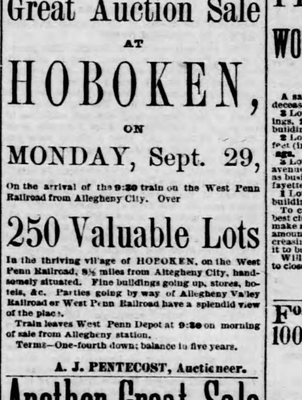
CEMENT.—200 Bbls. Best Brands Louisville Cement, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

DRY GOODS.
NEW, NEW, NEW.
BLACK SILKS.
In the choicest makes, and finish Lustres. Special bargains.
COLORED SILKS.
For carriage, promenade and evening dresses, new colors and shades.
STRIPE SILKS.
Fall and winter styles at very low prices.
TRIMMING SILKS.
Lining Silks and Satins in variety.
NEW SUITINGS.
The 1873 Fall styles.
REDINGOTE GOODS.
In new and very choice fabrics.
TYCOON REPS.
New styles and very choice colorings.
DRESS GOODS.
A complete stock from the lowest to the highest prices embracing the new fabrics, colors and styles.
RARE BARGAINS.
SHAWLS, SHAWLS, SHAWLS,
Roman, Stripes, Ottomans and other Stripes, Plaid and bordered, Broche and Thibet, Long and Square.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
White and Colored Table Linens, Towels, Toweling, Crash, Piano and Table Covers.
SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS.
KENTUCKY JEANS.
At 12½c, all colors.
PERCALES.
4-4 inch Fast Styles, 12½c.
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST. ALLEGHENY.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
At their two Stores,
No. 26 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, AND
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
Are offering some special bargains in each Department.
Dark Prints,
At 6¼c, 8c, 10c and 12½c.
SHEETING MUSLINS,
4-4 at 10 and 12½c, 10-4 at 35 and 40c.
TABLE DAMASKS,
At 25c, 30c, 37½c, 50c and 75c.
Heavy Country Flannels,
At 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 45c.
Country Blankets,
Manufactured expressly for our sales, at very low prices.
New Ottoman Shawls,
At $2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50 and 5.00, all good bargains.
CASSIMERES
For Men's and Boys' wear, at 50c, 60, 75c, 87½c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Many Good Bargains.
WATERPROOFS,
At 75c, 87c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Wholesale buyers can find some very good "jobs" in our wholesale department.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.
And 26 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

AUCTION SALES.
BY A. J. PENTECOST.
Great Auction Sale
AT
HOBOKEN,
ON
MONDAY, Sept. 29,
On the arrival of the 9:30 train on the West Penn Railroad from Allegheny City. Over
250 Valuable Lots
In the thriving village of HOBOKEN, on the West Penn Railroad, 9½ miles from Allegheny City, handsomely situated. Fine buildings going up, stores, hotels, &c. Parties going by way of Allegheny Valley Railroad or West Penn Railroad have a splendid view of the place.
Train leaves West Penn Depot at 9:30 on morning of sale from Allegheny station.
Terms—One-fourth down; balance in five years.
A. J. PENTECOST, Auctioneer.

Another Great Sale
ON THE
ALLEGHENY
POOR FARM,
ON
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23,
On the arrival of 9:30 Train from Allegheny.
A large collection of very fine Lots, purchased at former sales at low figures. This is a splendid chance to secure fine lots, that have been kept out of the market by outside parties. The collection will be large.
FREE LUNCH served up in the old Homestead.
Trains leave Federal street depot, West Pa. R. R. at 9:30 A. M. Plan at Auction Rooms, No. 82 Diamond, Allegheny.
A. J. PENTECOST,
se10 AUCTIONEER.

BUSINESS CHANGES.
DISSOLUTION.
The firm of "The Adjustable Folding Chair Company" is this day dissolved. All persons indebted to the firm will pay the same to the undersigned, and those having claims against the firm will present them for settlement. ISABELLA WALLACE.
Pittsburgh, September 12, 1873. *No. 8 Sixth st.-ext.
se17:s63



Wholesale and Retail Manufacturer and Dealer in
TRUNKS,
Traveling Bags, Ladies' Satchels, &c.
No. 89 SMITHFIELD STREET,
(Howard Block), Pittsburgh, Pa.

SAMUEL C. GRIER & CO.,
Dealers in the Best Family
COAL,
NUT COAL AND SLACK.
Offices and yards—Cor. Grant avenue and Fl. W. R. R. Crossing, and cor. Rebecca and Ridge streets, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Prompt attention given to fill ng orders. se28:s35

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building, Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield Street.

DRY GOODS.
NEW, NEW, NEW.
BLANKETS.
White Blankets, Colored Blankets, Country Blankets, Eastern Blankets, all sizes and prices.
COMFORTS.
Of our own make, sure to give satisfaction.
QUILTS.
White, Bordered and Fancy Quilts, Full and 3-4 size in Marseilles, Toilet, Crotchet and Jacquard and Honey Comb.
FLANNELS.
In 5-8, 3-4, 7-8, 4-4, and 6-4 Widths, Red, White, Orange, Blue and Grey, Plain and Twilled and Country Barred, Plain and Opera Flannels.
WATERPROOFS,
In Blue, Blue Mixed, Green, Green Mixed, Gold Mixed and Black.
Men's Wear. Boys' Wear
Broad Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, Cottonades, &c.
WOOL PLAIDS.
3-4 and 6-4 wide, in Clan Plaids, and other Bright and subdued colorings.
PLAID POPLINS.
A very large and varied Stock.
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST. ALLEGHENY.
No. 26 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, AND
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
Are now opening every day
New Dress Goods,
IN
Camel's Hair Fabrics,
Grey Pongees,
Grey Mohairs,
Grey Poplins,
Bronze Shades,
Of all kinds of
New Fall Fabrics.
New Satines,
New Cashmeres,
New Merinos,
New Poplins,
New Alpacas,
New Repps,
New Serges,
New Mohairs,
New Black Silks,
New Colored Silks,
New Mixed Goods,
New Suitings,
In every fabric at our usual
POPULAR PRICES.
Stock constantly replenished with all the novelties of the season.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174 Federal street, Allegheny.
And 26 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE
FIFTH AVENUE
AND
WOOD STREET PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
A sale in partition in the estate of Alex. McClurg, deceased.
1 Lot on Fifth avenue, adjoining Dispatch buildings, 20 feet front (each) and 120 feet deep, with the buildings occupied as stores.
2 Lots, 18 feet each, fronting on Kringle alley, 120 feet (immediately in rear of above Lots,) with buildings.
3 Lots, 18 feet each front on Wood street, near 4th avenue, 90 feet deep, with 3 story buildings, occupied as business houses, with Hall above. Known as Lafayette Hall.
1 Lot, 20 feet front on Fourth avenue, four stories, building occupied as offices.
To capitalists and business men here is one of the best chances that has been offered for a long time to make a good investment that will pay handsomely on the amount invested, at the same time the property is increasing in value, as all who know the property know it to be among the most valuable in the city.
Will be sold at a reasonable price and on good terms to close up the estate. Apply to
HERRON & BATES,
REAL ESTATE DEALERS,
88 Wood street.

FOR SALE.
100 Quarter and Half-Acre
LOTS,
ALSO, THE
FARM HOUSE AND BARN,
With 8½ acres of ground and about 400 bearing Fruit Trees; also a Farm of 125 acres, adjoining the above Lots, with about twelve acres of Coal. All of the above within from five to ten minutes' walk from Wall's Station, P. R. R. This property will be sold on easy terms. Plans can be seen at my office. This property offers better inducements for speculation than any property offered on the Pa. R. R. on account of its close proximity to the contemplated improvements of the P. R. R. Co. Inquire of
JOHN GRAZIER,
119 Smithfield street, above Murdoch's Seed Store.

Speedily Cured.—All Forms
of Venereal, Private and Nervous disease at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 173 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
DISCHARGE UNTIL CURED.
Syphilis, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia and all Urinary diseases are cured in the shortest possible time that the use of mercury is required. Spermatorhea, or seminal weakness and impotency, as the result of self-abuse, in excess in maturer years, and which produces some of the following effects, as nervousness, nervous debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, lungs, palpitation, constipation, dyspepsia, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory, pimples on the face, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicines supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope by two stamps. All communications confidential.
This Institute was established for the express purpose of supplying the afflicted with scientific and reliable treatment, and is not to be classed with the numerous quacks and impostors that infest all large cities. The proprietors have made the treatment of Private and special diseases the study of their lives, and can refer to thousands all over the country that have been benefited and cured by their treatment. No matter how difficult or long standing your case may be, if curable, after a personal examination they will frankly tell you; remember, they have cured many cases given up by other physicians.
Patients treated by mail or express, but whose condition it is best to visit the city for personal consultation, or address:
GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 173 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment.
au14:w35-d28

LEMON & WEISE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cabinet Furniture
AND

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money Loans on Government Bonds at lower rates than current for the Purchase and Sale of Bonds, Stocks and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,

Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.

CAPITAL, $400,000.

Accounts of Banks, Merchants and Individuals solicited.

Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.

A. BRADLEY, President,
WM. P. VARKIRK, Vice President,
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

jy2-26

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND

And Safe Deposit Co.,

Corner 7th Avenue and Smithfield Street,

Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL, - - $250,000.

Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Rent of Premises. Discounts daily.

Office hours 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 P. M.

ROBERT E. CLELAND, President.
SAMT. A. LORE, Vice President and Business Manager.

DIRECTORS.

Andrew L. McFarlane, W. B. Lupton,
John Flack, P. Smith,
A. T. Doutbett, W. Shirley,
Frank Kehoe, W. H. Irwin,
Sam'l A. Kier.

JOHN G. MACCONNELL, Solicitor.

FORSALE,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

STREET IMPROVEMENT

Seven Per Cent.

Penn Ave. Bonds

AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL - - - $200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention paid to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
WEDNESDAY, Sept. 17, 1873. }

The local money market continues quiet, the banks being abundantly able to supply all the demands of legitimate trade. Rates remain unchanged, at least so far as regular customers are concerned. The Philadelphia bank statement was rather more favorable than was expected; the losses sustained in available supply during the week being only moderate. The deposits have fallen off $479,367; the legal reserve, $2,182,175, and national bank notes, $122,207. On the other hand the loans have been expanded $753,426. Business has become very large, as indicated in the clearings, which are $4,477,213 higher than last week. The balances have increased $783,775. The Chicago "Tribune" asserts that money is becoming scarcer in that market as the grain accumulates. It is estimated that the aggregate deposits of the Chicago banks have fallen off between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 in the last ten days.

George B. Hill & Co., Bankers, No. 56 Fourth Avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
Gold	111¼	111⅛
U. S. 6's—1881—coupons	116⅞	116⅝
5-20 1867	113⅝	113⅜
" 1868	113⅝	113⅜
" 1865	115⅞	115⅝
" 1865 new	115⅞	115⅝
" 1867	116	116
" 1868—coupons	116	115⅞
10-40s	113	112
10-40s—coupons	112⅝	112⅜
Currency 6's	112⅝	112⅜
New 5 per cents	111⅜	111⅛

RAILWAYS.

New York Central ex div.	102⅞	103¼
Erie	56⅝	55⅝
U. C. & I. C.		26
Pacific Mail	45⅜	44
Do. preferred	65⅜	63
Michigan Southern	89⅜	88⅝
North Western Common	87⅝	85⅜
Do. Preferred	75¼	74⅝
Rock Island	103¾	103⅛
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	85	85
Seattle & Mad'ns	49¾	49
Western Union Telegraph	86⅜	86
Ohio & Mississippi	28	28
Union Pacific	97¼	97
Toledo & Wabash	59	55¾
Fort Wayne	94	91
Marlboro	129	127
Chicago & Alton	101¾	100
Adams Express	91	89
Wells, Fargo & Co. Express	87	86
U. S.	73⅛	71
I. C.	103	102

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock on The Philadelphia Stock Board today:

Penn. Central	53¾	53
Reading	84¼	84
United Cos. of N. J.	121¾	121¾
Oil Creek	23	23½
Lehigh Valley	60¾	61¾
Philadelphia & Erie	24	24
Pittsburgh 5s	72¾	73¾
Central Transportation	95¾	97¾
Central Transportation	47	47
Empire Transportation	56¾	55

NEW YORK, September 17, 1873.

Money during the morning loaned at 7 p c cash; to gold interest, but with rumors of failures the price was run up to 1-32@1-16. During the afternoon money became easy, and finally closed at 6 and 7 per cent. It was rumored on the street at the close that the Treasury had or would soon deposit five million dollars in banks to ease the money market. Sterling is firm and lower at 109@109¼ for sixty days, and 109¾@110 for demand. The rates for gold were steady, but when and selling readily at 109@9 lb. Water Melons dull and lower at $3@15 ₱ bbl.

FLOUR—Is a considered good demand, but the market is weaker and prices remain unchanged. We continue to quote: Superfine, at $4.75@5.00; red winter wheat, $5.10@5.40; fancy do. $5.50@5.75; St. Louis, $6.50@11; Colorado, $10.50@11.50. Rye Flour, $5.25@5.50.

GRAIN—There is a continued good demand for Wheat and the mills are taking all that offers, while the range is unchanged. No. 1 Chicago, $1.30@1.31; No. 2 do. $1.27@1.28; amber, $1.32@1.33; white, $1.35@1.40. Corn is very limited supply, and prices are firm. Mixed Western, No. 2 is quoted at 83@84; yellow, 85@86; sales reported at 85c per bushel within the past few days. Oats in good demand and limited supply, and prices are firm but unchanged; sales of Western mixed at 60@62c. Rye steady and nominal at 81@90. Barley continues neglected—some of the largest buyers are still holding off from the market. The market will react before long, and prices rule lower. The Chicago Tribune says of barley: "There is not a legitimate demand for No. 2, but there is for the lower grades. The speculators have control of the market and must feed or sell. In view of this state of affairs, and the fact that there is no demand for the grades they have to offer, the market is bound to go lower." Malt is quiet and steady. No. 2 is quoted at 90@95c; No. 3 do. 80@85c; ale malt, 95@1.00 ₱ bushel.

PROVISIONS—Mess Pork is quiet and steady at $19.00@19.25 ₱ barrel. Bacon—Long Clear Shoulders, 11¾; Sugar Cured Hams, 14@15c; Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 16@17c; Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 18@19c. Lard is quiet and steady at 9¾@10c ₱ lb. Butter—Choice to fancy Ohio, 30@35c; Western Reserve, 35@40c; Choice Roll, 25@30c; Western, 20@25c; Inferior, 15@18c. Cheese—Ohio Factory, 12½@13c; New York, 13½@14c; Western, 12½@13c. Eggs—Fresh, 23@24c ₱ dozen.

WHISKY—Is quiet and steady at 92c@$1.00 ₱ gallon.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
WEDNESDAY, September 17, 1873. }

Trade in general merchandise continues fairly active, and steadily increasing; there is a steady demand for all of the leading commodities, and as a general thing prices are firm with an upward tendency, as supplies are scarcely equal to present requirements.

BUTTER—There is a continued good demand and we can report sales of prime to choice roll at 25@26c. Common butter is in fair supply and dull.

CHEESE—Prime Ohio Factory, is still quoted at 12c for July, and 12¼ for August make—that is for round lots. New York Goshen, 14@15c.

EGGS—Continue scarce, and selling readily at 22@23 ₱ dozen; dealers quote up to 25, but thus far we have heard of no sales above our quotations.

FRUITS—Apples continue to come in very sparingly and with a steady demand; prices rule good, and small fruit are higher; we now quote at $2@2 50 ₱ bu; common grade at $1@1 50 for choice. Peaches scarce and firm at $2@3 for assorting to quality. Grapes in light supply, and selling readily at 3@5 ₱ lb. Water Melons dull and lower at $3@15 ₱ doz.

FLOUR—There is a subdued good demand, but the market is steady and prices remain unchanged. We continue to quote: Superfine, at $4.75@5.00; red winter wheat, $5.10@5.40; fancy do. $5.50@5.75; St. Louis, $6.50@11; Colorado, $10.50@11.50. Rye Flour, $5.25@5.50.

GRAIN—There is a continued good demand for Wheat and the mills are taking all that offers, while the range is unchanged. No. 1 Chicago, $1.30@1.31; No. 2 do. $1.27@1.28; amber, $1.32@1.33; white, $1.35@1.40. Corn is very limited supply, and prices are firm. Mixed Western, No. 2 is quoted at 83@84; yellow, 85@86; sales reported at 85c per bushel within the past few days. Oats in good demand and limited supply, and prices are firm but unchanged; sales of Western mixed at 60@62c. Rye steady and nominal at 81@90. Barley continues neglected—some of the largest buyers are still holding off from the market. The market will react before long, and prices rule lower. The Chicago Tribune says of barley: "There is not a legitimate demand for No. 2, but there is for the lower grades. The speculators have control of the market and must feed or sell. In view of this state of affairs, and the fact that there is no demand for the grades they have to offer, the market is bound to go lower." Malt is quiet and steady. No. 2 is quoted at 90@95c; No. 3 do. 80@85c; ale malt, 95@1.00 ₱ bushel.

PROVISIONS—Mess Pork is quiet and steady at $19.00@19.25 ₱ barrel. Bacon—Long Clear Shoulders, 11¾; Sugar Cured Hams, 14@15c; Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 16@17c; Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 18@19c. Lard is quiet and steady at 9¾@10c ₱ lb. Butter—Choice to fancy Ohio, 30@35c; Western Reserve, 35@40c; Choice Roll, 25@30c; Western, 20@25c; Inferior, 15@18c. Cheese—Ohio Factory, 12½@13c; New York, 13½@14c; Western, 12½@13c. Eggs—Fresh, 23@24c ₱ dozen.

WHISKY—Is quiet and steady at 92c@$1.00 ₱ gallon.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, September 17.—Cotton firm at 20¾c. Flour higher; superfine western and State at $4.70@5.25. Whisky active at 99c. Wheat higher; No 2 spring $1.49@1.49½; Iowa spring $1.50@1.53½; No 1 do $1 60. Rye and Barley unchanged. Corn dull; steamer western mixed 67@68c; sail do 69@69½c. Oats firmer; white 32@34c. Eggs firm at 24@25c. Leather firm at 27@32c. Coffee firm at 22½@23¾c. Petroleum quiet; 80½c; refined 24c. Pork firm at $19 25. Beef and lard unchanged. Lard excited at 8⅝@8 13-16c. Butter firm. Cheese firm and unchanged.

NEW ORLEANS, September 17.—Cotton quiet at 20c; sales 450; low middling nominal; net supply none; receipts 1,000; gross 1,000; exports coastwise 1,000; sales to-day 450; good ordinary 18½c; strict good ordinary 19@19¼c; low middling 19½@19¾c; middling 20c; good middling 20½c; strict middling 20¾@21c; receipts 19½@19¾c; receipts 74 bales; no exports; stock 84,184.

CINCINNATI, September 17.—Cotton quiet; 19½c. Flour firm at $6.75@7.50. Wheat quiet at $1.37. Corn firm at 58c. Rye firm at $1.00. Oats and Barley quiet and unchanged. Pork firm at 40c. Lard steady at 8½c. Bacon firm at 9, 10@9¾c. Whisky easier at 92c.

TOLEDO, September 17.—Wheat active; No 2 white spring $1.72; No 2 do $1.55. No 1 red $1.46@1.50. Corn firm; high mixed 52½c; seller September 52½c; state 50c. Oats firm; No 2 Canada 37½c; Michigan 38c; rejected 35c.

MILWAUKEE, September 17.—Flour steady; $6.00@6.50. Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1.20; No 2 do $1.17. Corn firm at 49½c. Oats active; No 2, 35½c; rejected 34c. Barley dull; No 1 spring 80c; No 2 do 75c. Rye firm; No 1 $1.23.

PHILADELPHIA, September 17.—Flour firm; extra 7s family $7.00@7.50. Wheat dull at $1.37@1 45. Corn higher at 62@63c. Oats active at 45@48c. Pork quiet at $19.25@19.50. Lard firmer; steam 10½@11c; refined 10½c. Whisky held firmly at $1.

CHICAGO, September 17.—Flour firm at $5.50@6.25. Wheat firm; No 1 spring $1.17; No 2 do $1.14; steady at $1.14@1.15c. Oats active; No 2 35@35½c; rejected at 34c. Barley firm; No 2 fall 70c; spring at $1@1.25. Lard steady at 8c. Whisky steady at 92½c.

LIVERPOOL, September 17.—Cotton steady at 9@9¼d; sales 10,000 bales. Red winter wheat 10s 6d. Corn 28s 6d.

NASHVILLE, September 17.—Cotton dull at 15½c. Corn dull at 45@50c. Oats dull at 30@35c. Whisky firm at $1.05@1.10.

ANTWERP, September 17.—Refined petroleum 47f.

MEMPHIS, September 17.—Cotton dull at 16@16½c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn firm at 50@55c. Bacon dull at 10, 11¼@11½c. Whisky firm at 90c.

SAVANNAH, September 17.—Cotton quiet; No 1 Middlings $1.8c. Corn quiet at 62@65c.

LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, September 17.—Cattle: receipts to-day, including reported arrivals, 310 head; total for the week thus far 5,727; active and strong at yesterday's prices; over 2,000 were disposed of; sales of 20 cattle at $5.75@6.00; 20 at $5.50@5.75; 20 at $5.25@5.50; 20 at $5@5.25; 20 at $4.75@5; 20 at $4.50@4.75; 20 at $4.25@4.50; 20 at $4@4.25; 20 at $3.75@4; 20 at $3.50@3.75; 20 at $3@3.50; 20 at $2.50@3; 20 at $2@2.50; 20 at $1.50@2; 20 at $1@1.50; 20 at $0.50@1; 20 at $0@0.50; 20 at $5.75@6

LATEST NEWS.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

64 Houses in Ashes.

THE LOSS ABOUT $300,000.

A $70,000 Fire in Philadelphia

CHICAGO, September 17—4:40 P. M.—A fire broke out about three o'clock in the lumber district near the corner of Seventeenth and Halsted streets, and has been burning ever since with the greatest fury, having spread over, at this hour, a distance of nearly a mile. The wind is blowing a gale from the southwest and carrying burning brands a long distance in advance of the fire. The entire fire department is on the ground and doing everything possible to stay the advance of the flames. There is considerable excitement among the people.

The Fire Under Control.

The fire is finally under complete control, and notwithstanding a strong wind is blowing from the southwest, no other damage is apprehended. The people who, when the excitement was at the highest, moved their goods from their houses several blocks away, are now moving back.

The loss in the aggregate is quite light for the space burned over, not over one hundred houses having been destroyed. The loss to the poor people roasdered homeless, however, is severe. The prairie westward of the fire is crowded with household goods.

Owing to the magnificent work of the fire department, however, the removal of many proved unnecessary, and at Mitchell street the flames were stopped in their progress northward, while its spread in a westward direction was stayed on the west side of Halsted street. The east line had not at any time crossed Newberry avenue, and the track of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad formed its southern boundary.

Later Account.

The total loss by the fire this afternoon is estimated at from $250,000 to $300,000, and the total number of buildings destroyed is placed at sixty-four, only one of which, the packing house of Hubbard & Oliver & Co., was of brick, the rest being wooden tenements from one to three stories high, occupied mainly as residences and stores, or shops and residences combined.

The Origin of the Fire.

The fire originated in a large wooden shed, used by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and Northwestern Railroad Companies for storage and the transfer of hay, and situated on the corner of Newberry avenue and the railroad track, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets. One end of this shed was open, and the fire caught from a spark which flew into it from a passing train. Almost before an alarm could be sounded the entire shed, with its inflammable contents, was a mass of flames, and there being at the time a stiff breeze from the southwest, the first engine had scarcely arrived on the ground before the fire had reported to a row of wooden houses on the north, and from them to the buildings on the east side of Halsted street.

A Second and Third Alarm.

A second alarm was now struck, and soon a third, which called to the scene the entire fire department, which was soon at work with a courage and energy which challenged the admiration of every one. Meantime the streets in the line of the fire were literally swarming with people burdened with every article of household goods, rushing to places of safety. The vacant lots west of Halsted street were soon covered with furniture, bedding, clothing, &c., which the fleeing inhabitants of the doomed dwellings had managed to save.

Intense Excitement.

Intense excitement prevailed in the neighborhood, as many people living several blocks from the line of the fire began to pack up and move their portable property. The dry goods firm of Fields, Leiter & Co., and Fare well, so soon as they heard of the extent of the fire, sent all their trucks and teams to the spot and placed them at the disposal of those whose homes were threatened, and were all soon employed in removing them, to take safety in flight. The omnibuses belonging to Fagar & Co.'s line were also sent to the scene of the fire to relieve those who desired to leave the dangerous neighborhood.

There were fortunate neighbors who opened their doors to the homeless women and children, and no one will be permitted to suffer.

The Losses.

It is impossible at this writing to give any detailed statement of individual losses. They are, however, divided among so many people that with a few exceptions no person loses over thirty thousand dollars. Seligman Heilbronn, manufacturer of and dealer in furniture, 55 Halsted st., loses $75,000; covered by insurance. The loss by the burning of the lady depot in which the fire started, cannot be ascertained, but it is not probably over $10,000. One of the freight cars standing on the C. R. & Q. R. R. was burned.

Casualties.

Several casualties occured during the progress of the fire. An Assistant Fire Marshal was severely burned by a shower of blazing brands that fell upon him from one of the houses. Frank Rowe, foreman of hook and ladder company, was severely bruised and hurt by falling timbers.

A Rush to the Fire.

Immense crowds of people rushed to the vicinity of the fire when the general alarm was struck, and the excitement was very great, many fearing a repetition of the terrible calamity of October, 1871. Down town the wildest rumors prevailed, and people two miles distant from the fire shared in the panic of those of the immediate neighborhood. This excitement and alarm was scarcely to be wondered at. As has been stated, the wind was blowing a half gale from the southwest, changing after the fire had been under headway half an hour to the south, while directly in the line of the flames stood thickly the same kind of dwellings which two years ago formed the line that led the fiery tempest to the destruction of the city.

The Insurance.

The insurance offices were thronged with applications for policies, but the agents felt compelled to put their customers off until to-morrow.

The Excitement Extending.

The excitement and anxiety soon extended to the country, many telegrams having been sent to persons here to friends out of town, and the demand for news came from every quarter.

Precautions.

There are a number of engines still playing on portions of the ruins and watching the burnt district to see that there shall be no fresh outbreak.

Quiet Reigns Again.

The excitement appears to have entirely subsided and the streets are unusually quiet.

Conflagration in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, September 17.—The extensive paper warehouse of Bloomfield & Moore, Nos. 525 and 527 Jayne, and No. 27 North Sixth street, was again visited this afternoon with a conflagration. The fire originated on the fourth floor in the North street establishment, where it was confined. The entire upper portion, including the fourth and fifth stories, was completely gutted by the flames, and the stock is totally destroyed. The whole five stories, were packed with made up paper, seventy per cent. of which is either ruined by water or destroyed by fire. The loss will reach $70,000, which is fully covered by insurance.

BALTIMORE.

I. O. O. F.

BALTIMORE, September 17.—At the session of the Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F., to-day, the lately missing report of the Grand Sire, which arrived yesterday from Asptwall, was laid before the Convention and ordered printed.

The report of the Committee on Mileage and Per Diem of Representatives, fixing the mileage at three cents going and returning, and the per diem at six dollars, was adopted.

A petition received from colored citizens of Delaware, asking permission to join the Order, was referred to the Legislative Committee.

A motion by the representative from Pennsylvania that the annual communication of the Grand Lodge in 1876 be held in Philadelphia during the Centennial celebration, was laid over under the rules.

The annual report of the Grand Secretary, James L. Ridgely, was on Monday submitted to the Grand Lodge Independent Order of Odd Fellows in session in Baltimore. It makes a pamphlet of 144 pages, and gives an interesting history of the order for the past year. The report includes a statement of the status of the order in Maryland, from John Hahn, Grand Secretary. It states there has been a decrease in members, owing to the law suspending for one year's dues, but the drones in the hive have dropped off, leaving only the real live members in fellowship. The lodges generally are in a flourishing condition. The report also includes a statement from Grand Scribe John M. Jones, relative to the Patriarchal branch of the order in this jurisdiction, which states there has been an increase of forty-two members since last report.

The annual revenue of the Grand Lodge is as herewith:

From the ordinary sources, viz: Supplies and representative tax, up to and inclusive of September 1, 1873,	$45,892 02
Amount to be received at or before the session	5,000 00
Making a total of	$50,892 02
Receipts from same source last year	41,832 34
Excess of 1873 over 1873	$9,059 72

The Grand Secretary compares the numerical and financial status of the order in 1871 and 1872, from which it will be seen that Odd Fellowship is in a remarkably flourishing condition, and rapidly increasing in membership and resources.

	1871.	1872.	Increase.
No. Lodges..	4,292	5,045	723
Initiations..	49,257	59,250	9,093
Members....	327,877	385,097	57,220
Annual Revenue	$3,310,009 53	$4,291,071 12	$981,061,59
Annual Relief..	1,092,095 42	1,508,471.40	411,375 98

THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, September 17, 1873.

The Cotton Crop.

The Statistician of the Department of Agriculture, after a careful revision of the monthly returns, gives the following as the present status of the cotton crop: The indicated increase of area is a little over ten per cent. The condition of the crop is higher than in September last year in Arkansas, and the same in Tennessee and Louisiana. In each of the other cotton States worms have been more abundant, yet their ravages have not been disastrous or sweeping, but in a few cases in most, owing to the late suspending for one year's dues, but the drones in the hive have dropped off, leaving only the real live members in fellowship. The lodges generally are in a flourishing condition. The report also includes a statement from Grand Scribe John M. Jones, relative to the Patriarchal branch of the order in this jurisdiction, which states there has been an increase of forty-two members since last report.

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NEW YORK.

Counterfeiters Arrested—A Minister Charged with Robbing and Infidelity by his Wife—The Brooklyn Treasury Robbery—Meeting of Cheap Transportation Committee.

NEW YORK, September 17, 1873.

Counterfeiters Arrested.

James English, Wm. Spekes, *alias* Henry Davis, John Radford and George Harrington were arrested last evening on board a canal boat while counterfeiting three and five cent pieces. A large quantity of spurious coin, moulds, etc., were captured. English and Spekes have each served five years in Sing Sing prison for counterfeiting.

Meeting of Cheap Transportation Association.

The Cheap Transportation Association held a meeting this afternoon at the Grocers' Board of Trade, President B. B. Sherman in the chair. Mr. Sherman read a paper stating that the organization was the result of the Cooper Institute meeting of the 10th instant, that that meeting, though crude, showed that New York merchants were beginning to appreciate that they were heavily weighted in the race for commercial shipping. The Baltimoreans are interested in the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, which is operated in the interests of that city. In Philadelphia the Pennsylvania Railroad was also manipulated to its advantage and interest.

Various committees were then elected

The Brooklyn Treasury Robbery.

In addition to the loans made by Sprague of money belonging to the city of Brooklyn, which were telegraphed last night, it appears he made a loan of $50,000 to the Willmantic railroad from the general fund of Brooklyn city, but subsequently, fearing the fraud would be discovered, the amount was returned to the general fund, but an equal amount was taken from the education fund. Another loan of $56,000 was made on bonds of the Suspension Bridge and Erie Junction Railroad bonds.

The District Attorney also stated to-day that Mills, Sprague and Rodman used the city funds to speculate on Wall street, and mentioned the firm of Marx & Co. as among those who received large loans from them.

A Minister Charged with Robbery and Infidelity by his wife.

The wife of Rev. Mr. Wiswell, of St. John's chapel, in this city, has sued her husband for a portion of her property, which he has converted to his own use. She is the daughter of the late Bishop Berrian, of Trinity church, was worth $70,000 when she was married, and charges Wiswell with gross infidelity.

The Brooklyn Trust Company.

Investigations into the operations of the Trust Company by the District Attorney show that, although its charter especially provides that loans shall not be made by it to any of its officers, some $868,000 have been borrowed and used by its trustees and other of its officers.

YELLOW FEVER.

Shreveport.

NEW ORLEANS, September 17.—A *Picayune* special from Shreveport, September 16, says: The number of new cases of yellow fever to-day is less than for several preceding days, and the number of interments fell from thirty-three yesterday to twenty-five to-day. It is not thought, however, that there is any abatement, but that the material for the fever to work on is considerably diminished.

The Shreveport *Times* this morning says the epidemic exhibits but little change, while the number of new cases is less, greatly owing to the want of material. The number of deaths is fearful to contemplate. The mortality is beyond precedent, and it looks as though but comparatively few would get well. Thus far few have got about, while some linger along between life and death. In some few instances whole families have been swept out of existence in the short space of one week. The sudden change in the weather last Sunday night sent scores to their beds, which accounts for the large number of interments in the last day or two. In the language of one of the New Orleans physicians, "They are dropping off like sheep dying with the rot." Medical treatment of the most skillful kind does not appear to do any good in a great many cases. In many cases where temporary relief afforded is quickly followed by death. Our stores are all closed and our dwellings turned into hospitals. In fact, Shreveport is one great hospital—one great charnel house, and the *Times* merely a death record.

The undertaker's journal says that the number of interments since the first of September sums up 226. The number of sick is variously estimated at from 500 to 800.

SHREVEPORT, LA., September 17. There seems to be a decrease in the number of new cases in the thickly settled portion of the city to day, but an increase in the suburbs, where there have been but few cases heretofore.

LITTLE ROCK, Arkansas September 17.—Parties who arrived here this morning from Shreveport report the yellow fever abating for the want of victims. The telegraph office was reopened there yesterday, and transfers of money for the relief of the distressed can be made by telegraph.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, September 17.—The Board of Health reports eleven deaths to-day, nine from yellow fever. The Howard Association is in full operation and the Odd Fellows and Masons are organizing relief committees. The fever is not believed to be spreading, and hardly any deaths among persons of property are reported.

CHICAGO.

Convention of Spiritualists.

CHICAGO, September 17.—The annual Convention of the National Association of Spiritualists is in session in this city. Tae President, L. K. Cooley, of Vineland, is here, as well as a number of leading spirits from various parts of the country. So far the discussion shows a very inharmonious state of affairs in the Association.

Mrs. Woodhull is defending her course as President of the Association in her peculiar notions of life with a good deal of vigor. During the session last night the speakers indulged in the most radical utterances on all subjects. Miss Anna M. Middlebrook, of Connecticut, said: "I stand here to-night, as far as the Christian religion is concerned, determined on its destruction. In politics I am a rebel. I avow it boldly. This is a sham Republic. With reference to social problems, I am a revolutionist. Why should we, in the nineteenth century, go back 1800 years for our doctrine? Is not there more that we can learn from the living present? If we live up to our philosophy we will see the time when the mummy creeds of Christianity will be overturned."

A Propeller Burned.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., September 17.—The propeller Acorn, of the Vermont Central Line of steamers, *en route* from Ogdensburg to Chicago, was burned to the water's edge this evening at Collins dock, about five miles above Alexandria Bay. The fire caught in the fire hole. The passengers, fifty in number, and crew were all saved with difficulty. She was heavily laden with a cargo of general merchandize, which was lost.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The King of Italy arrived in Vienna yesterday.

—A railroad war is in progress in Portland, Maine.

—Carlist bonds are quoted on the Frankfort bourse.

—The specie shipments from New York yesterday were $157,318.

—Rev. Dr. Paddock has been consecrated Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Massachusetts.

—The radical Democrats of New York are endeavoring to form a coalition with the Granges.

—At a meeting in Philadelphia yesterday, in aid of the Shreveport sufferers, $4,000 were subscribed.

—The Earl of Hardwick, Lord Lieutenant of Cambridgeshire, England, died yesterday, aged seventy-four.

—By a collision on the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, two persons were killed and three injured.

—The fourth annual conference of insurance commissioners of the country commenced in Boston yesterday.

—The number of deaths by cholera in Paris from the 9th to the 14th inst. is officially reported to be one hundred and twenty-one.

—The excitement in Grand Haven, Mich., relative to the wrecked steamer Ironsides, is still very high. All the bodies so far recovered have been identified.

—Anna Dickinson, accompanied by Prof. Hayden and party, walked to the summit of Long's Peak, Colorado, on Saturday, the 13th inst., making the ascent in three hours and ten minutes.

—Prof. King, after landing his editorial passengers at Hinby, Steuben county, started alone in his baloon "Buffalo" at two o'clock yesterday afternoon. At four o'clock he passed over Whitney's Point, N. Y.

—Mr. Stornes, the English traveler, has a in Paris from Central Africa. He reported he met Dr. Livingstone last June, and is to start from him on the first of July, at which time Doctor was in perfect health.

—A dispatch from Fort Garry gives full proceedings of the court at that place on Tuesday. No indictment was found against Merriam, and he was discharged, but against the rest of the prisoners true bills have been found.

—A dispatch from the senior commanding officer at Key West to the Navy Department, reports that all cases of yellow fever on the Pawnee, some half a dozen, are doing well. Only one other death than that of Lieutenant Commander Mitchell has taken place.

—A misplaced switch threw the New York express train on the Great Western Railway from the track at Stony creek, Canada, yesterday morning. The engine overturned and the driver and fireman were badly injured. Two baggage cars and one car of hay were burned.

—The Democratic County and District Convention met in Cincinnati yesterday afternoon, and nominated for the State Senate William P. Wallace, John A. Shank and Vachiel Worthing; for the House, J. M. Brunswick, J. S. Gordon, E. M. Miller, George Boyce, Charles C. Archer, A. E. Newell, Thomas C. Seater, John M. Patterson, W. L. O'Brian, John J. Gehan, and a full county ticket.

—The New York Prohibitionists, in Convention in Syracuse, have nominated the following State ticket: For Secretary of State, Rev. Dwight Williams, of Madison; for Comptroller, D. T. Elliot, of Rensselaer; for Treasurer, Simon Brownell, of Washington; for Attorney General, Walter Fairrington, of Dutchess; for Canal Commissioner, Thomas Edgerly, of Suffolk; for State Engineer and Surveyor, J. C. B. Wallace, of Onondago; for Inspector of State Prisons, Rev. Isaac Harris, of Tompkins. A State Central Committee of two from each Judicial district was appointed.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 8 P. M., Sept. 17, 1873.

Probabilities for To-day.

On Thursday, for the New England and Middle States, the pressure will diminish, with southeasterly to southerly winds, increasing to fresh and brisk, increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States east of the Mississippi, gentle and fresh winds, mostly from the East and South, and partly cloudy weather, with coast rain.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, brisk winds, veering to the southwest and west, generally cloudy weather, with rain in the latter.

For the lower lake region, brisk and high winds, gradually veering to southerly and westerly, cloudy weather and rain.

For the upper lake region, cloudy weather, rain and high winds to-night, the latter shifting to west and northwest during Thursday, with clearing weather and diminishing force for Thursday night.

For Missouri and Minnesota, northwesterly winds, clear and clearing weather will prevail on Thursday.

Cautionary Signals

continue at Duluth, Escanaba, Milwaukee, Chicago, Grand Haven, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Erie and Buffalo, and are ordered for Rochester and Oswego.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, September 17.—River five feet five inches; falling. Departed—Charmer, Evansville. Clear and warmer.

ST. LOUIS, September 17.—Arrived—Clinton, Keokuk; Dolphin, lower Mississippi; Bon Accord, Metropolis; Capital City, Vicksburg. Departed—Bee and barges, New Orleans; Grand Tower, Memphis; Clinton, St. Paul; Dolphin, lower Mississippi. River falling slowly. Clear and warm.

EVANSVILLE, IND., September 17.—Clear and hot; mercury 60 to 82. River fallen 3 inches. Down—Tarascon, 5 A. M.; Mary Ament, 1 P. M.; Frank P. Gracy, 6 P. M. Up—Falls Pilot, 9 A. M. Business very dull.

CAIRO, September 17.—Arrived—Charley Bowen, St. Louis, 3 P. M.; Susie Silver, St. Louis, 4; City of Vicksburg, St. Louis, 6. River fallen 8 inches. Clear and warm.

NASHVILLE, September 17.—River unchanged; 29 inches on shoals. Weather cloudy and pleasant.

PHILADELPHIA.

Convention of the National Board of Steamship Navigation.

PHILADELPHIA, September 17.—The Second Annual Convention of the National Board of Steam Navigation met to day at Continental Hall, and was called to order by the President, Thos. Sherlock, of Cincinnati. Delegates were present from New York, Massachusetts, Maine, New Jersey, Missouri, Indiana, Kentucky, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Connecticut and Maryland, and others are on the way.

The Convention adjourned until evening.

The Board assembled this evening. The report of the Executive Committee was presented, detailing the efforts to get through Congress a bill repealing the old act which retards steam navigation, which failed. The report referred to questions relating to trans-Atlantic navigation, and said the laws were framed to protect foreign steamships at the expense of American. It recommended a modification of the law regarding ocean steamship navigation, and referred to inland navigation of the western waters. The report was accepted.

KEYSTONE BREVITIES.

C. M. DERRICKSON has been appointed Postmaster at Irishtown, Mercer county.

THE next session of the Erie Presbytery will be held at Sandy Lake the first Tuesday of December.

MR. MYRON WATERS has purchased the Carver House at Warren, paying $20,000 for the property.

MESSRS. SEMPLE & REIS have struck a four foot vein of coal on the Madge farm, in Lackawannock township, Mercer township.

THE Washington County School Superintendent has examined 268 teachers this year. The number of schools to be filled is 287.

A FELLOW not a thousand miles from Somerset stole a widow's calf. She sued him and recovered the calf and $30. So much for trifling with a woman's calves.

In the case of the Titusville and Pithole Plankroad Company vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, tried in Warren last week, a verdict was rendered for the plaintiffs for over $7,000.

FRANCIS BENDER, of Lancaster, attempted suicide on Friday evening by shooting himself. His only excuse for the act was that "the old woman" (meaning his wife) had refused to kiss him.

THE fourth meeting of the Sharon Driving Park Association will be held on their grounds on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, September 25th, 26th and 27th. The premiums offered amount to $3,000.

A TWO STORY frame dwelling house, occupied by M. A. Martin, was burned at an early hour Wednesday morning, in Titusville. The frame house adjoining, occupied by a man named Moss, was also destroyed at the same time.

MR. R. F. WEEKS, a clerk in the store of RAGON & Cole, Oil City, on Monday received some very severe injuries, by the falling of several heavy boxes upon him. His chin was fractured and the zygomatic arch was broken down.

ANOTHER of the suits Dr. Irvine has been instituting to recover certain valuable oil land in Limestone township, Warren county, and which involved from one to three hundred thousand dollars, has been tried in the Warren county Court and decided in favor of the plaintiff.

THOMAS F. GRIFFIN and John Boyce were badly burned on the face, neck, hands and arms, at St. Petersburg, on Tuesday morning. They were at the Warren Co. well, on the Dan Ritz farm, for the purpose of repairing the boiler. While waiting for it to cool, the gas from the well exploded, burning both of them severely.

TUESDAY evening a fire broke out in the roof of the Hiram Hill ice house on Church Run, near Titusville, and soon spread to the saw and shingle mill and barn adjoining, and soon enveloped the whole in a mass of flames. In a short space of time the whole were consumed. The ice house contained 100 tons of ice, the property of George W. Benton. The buildings were the property of William Andre.

On Saturday afternoon a terrible accident occurred at Fenstermacher's ore mine near the village of Topton, on the East Pennsylvania Railroad. A lad named George Wiebert, aged fifteen years, being torn to pieces and instantly killed. The lad had been looking about the mine, inspecting the operations, when he accidentally fell into the crushing ore washer, and was horribly mangled and torn to pieces.

A PECULIAR disease of the throat and upper portion of the lungs, resembling *laryngitis* in some particulars, and in others *pseudo membranous croup*, and diptheria, has made its appearance in Blakely township, Luzerne county, among children from two to ten or twelve years of age. Its ravages have been most fearful between Archibald and Dickson, not less than sixty little ones having died from it during the two weeks just passed. Two or three families in Jessup and Olyphant have been rendered childless by the terrible scourge.

MRS. JAMES GORDON and her two daughters, of Canton township, Washington county, were starting from their residence to attend church on Sunday last, when the horses attached to the carriage took fright and ran at a furious speed for nearly half a mile when they came in contact with a fence, and in attempting to jump over, one of the animals sprang upon a fence stake, which penetrated the abdomen and killed it almost instantly. Mrs. Gordon was thrown to the ground, sustaining some pretty severe bruises, happily, without, however, breaking any bones. The two girls remained in their seats and were not injured.

THOSE happen sometimes which make one think just a little better of human nature. At Cheverton is a young woman, daughter of a clergyman, and she has been afflicted by spine disease for eight and a half years. She had a pleasant surprise the other day. Without the knowledge first had, up in a room for her in her father's house, filled it with all manner of comfortable and convenient furniture, including a particularly nice invalid chair, napery, china, and silver ware. Then when the presentation day came, they had a merry picnic in the grove near the parsonage, which the invalid enjoyed, seated in the new chair. This isn't such a bad world, after all!

THOMAS WALDRON, about fourteen years old, was seriously wounded by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of Thomas Sexton, a young man of nearly the same age, near Washington, on Saturday last. The boys were in the woods in search of game, and at the time of the accident it appears Waldron was in the act of beating around a tree in order to get a squirrel in range of his friend's gun, and Sexton in walking around with the gun upon his arm and the hammer drawn back, stumbled upon a twig, causing the gun to discharge. The load entered Waldron's leg just above the knee, inflicting a wound which, it is feared, will necessitate amputation, as the bones were terribly splintered.

BUCKEYE BREVITIES.

MARRIED, in Hartford, Licking county, C. L. Graves, aged 63, to Mrs. Baker, aged 72.

A HIGHLAND county youth "went West" to escape fulfilling a marriage contract with a woman old enough to be his mother, but the Highland female followed, overtook him in an Illinois town, and led him to the altar as gentle as a lamb.

TUESDAY afternoon a lad was burned to death in a barn in the southeast part of Dayton. There had been children in the barn playing with fire. The boy was about eight years old, and was burned totally beyond recognition. His name is Johnny Lane.

SUNDAY morning last the barn of Michael Hetsler, near Dayton, was entirely destroyed by fire, together with agricultural implements and a large quantity of farm products. Four valuable horses and some stock in the stables were also burned to death. Mr. Hetsler's loss is estimated at from $4,000 to $6,000, and uninsured.

FROM the Ashtabula *Telegraph* we see that a gentleman, quite infirm, named Marshall Brown, living with Henry Bissell, of Austinburg, went either to drive or fetch the cows from the pasture, Wednesday, and not returning in due time he was sought for and found in the field dead, having been gored by a bull. The animal was not known to be vicious.

CHARLES WINSORT, of Crawford county, left Bucyrus one evening to return to his home in the country. The next morning he was found in the road, with a handkerchief round his head, in a delirious condition. It was found that he had been shot in the head, but how or by whom is a mystery. He is still living, but unable to give any account of the affair.

—A sail boat having on board five persons left Soduse, on Lake Ontario, for Rochester, on Monday morning. That afternoon the boat capsized and three of the occupants were drowned. On Tuesday afternoon the other occupants were found clinging to the upturned boat and rescued.

Oysters in every style at Hubley's.

HOME NEWS.

Criminal Court Trial List.

Jury trials will be resumed on this morning at 9½ o'clock in the Criminal Court.

Commonwealth vs.

Thomas Orem,	Frederick Fair,
Elizabeth Kelsey (2),	Lewis Watts,
Wm. Hinney (2),	Philip Elk (2),
Michael Woods,	Peter Doyle,
Wm. Reardon,	Fred. Miller et al.,
James Dietrich,	John Valdenhoff,
Thomas Gorman,	John James et al.,
Hugh Freel et al.,	Joseph Thomas,
Benjamin Baker,	Peter Curtin.

The Banquet this Evening.

Tickets for the banquet at City Hall this evening are for sale in the reading room of the Monongahela House, where members of the Association and a limited number of citizens can procure them. The Treasurer will be in the room during the entire morning, and those, either members of the Association or citizens, who desire to attend must procure their tickets at that time as none will be sold at the hall. The price of the tickets is $5.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—Last evening Mr. Florence appeared as "Bob Brierly," in the "Ticket of Leave Man," to a densely packed house. Long before the curtain rose, standing room was almost unavailable. The performance was a satisfactory one throughout, and immensely delighted the audience. Mr. Florence as "Bob Brierly," has no living equal in the character. Mr. Gotthold as "Hawkshaw," shared the honors of the evening. The scenery is most excellent. The same bill to-night.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—This house was well-filled last evening to witness the third performance of "Watch and Wait." Mr. and Mrs. Albaugh in their respective characters, completely charmed the audience. The same bill to-night.

AIMS' AMERICAN THEATRE.—This house was filled to overflowing at the matinee and evening performances yesterday. The programmes offered delighted every one. A grand extra matinee is offered for this afternoon, with a good bill. Don't forget to-night.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.

A Little Girl Run Over by a Train and Killed.

One of the most heart-rending accidents it has been our lot to chronicle for some time, occurred yesterday evening, about four o'clock, at the Eighteenth street crossing of the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad, on the South Side. At the hour above named a young girl, twelve years of age, named Katie Neville, was returning home from school with her little sister, aged eight years. When near the above named crossing, the Express train going south came along, and when about twenty yards off, the girl started on a run for the other side, when she struck her foot against a rail, and fell across the track, her school books flying in every direction. Before she could get a chance to arise, the engine and tender and front wheels of the baggage car passed over her, crushing her head and legs in a horrible manner. The train was stopped as soon as possible and the mutilated form was taken from beneath the wheels, and carried to the residence of her parents on the corner of Mary and Eighteenth streets, where she lingered in an unconscious state for about ten minutes, when she died. Shortly after, Coroner West was summoned to hold an inquest on the remains. From the testimony of two witnesses, George Kunkle and Charles Strathaus, no blame can be attached to the engineer, or indeed to any of the employes on the train. It being clearly shown that when the child attempted to cross the track, the train was not more than twenty yards off, and even if she had succeeded, it would have been at the imminent risk of losing her life. The little sister of the deceased, Tillie Neville, who was with her when they approached the crossing, testified that a school mate was going to get on the train, whom deceased was anxious to see, and as the station was some distance up the track on the other side from the one on which she was standing, she proposed to her sister that they should get to the other side in order to see her young friend before she got on the train. The child states, she told her not to go as the train was just upon them, when she made a rush and fell across the track as above stated. After hearing the evidence, the jury rendered a verdict of accidental death, recommending that hereafter the Railroad Company have a watchman stationed at the crossing.

FINE DRESS HATS A SPECIALTY.

Exclusive Agents for Messrs. Dunlap & Co.'s New Styles Received Daily at Wm. Fleming & Co.'s, 139 Wood street.

We take pleasure in calling the attention of the public to the line of goods now offered for sale at our retail store, No. 139 Wood street. We are making special effort to get the latest and most desirable styles as fast as introduced; also to have them made in good material so as to give service in wear.

As the agent of Messrs. Dunlap & Co., we are prepared to offer his celebrated Fifth avenue silk hat, also his stiff and soft goods. Any one having worn his goods can testify to their comfort and durability. We do business on the one price system, thus assuring to all fair treatment. You are invited to call and examine our stock. Wm. Fleming & Co., 139 Wood street.

An Incident of the Parade.

During the passage of the procession down Fifth avenue yesterday, it was noticed that nearly all the detachments of the visiting veterans stopped and showed a disposition to break ranks when opposite 51 Fifth avenue. On noticing it occur repeatedly we were led to inquire the cause, which proved to be nothing less than the impassioned, stirring tones of the elegant Bradbury, and unrivalled Decker & Barnes' pianos, and the celestial, sweet-voiced Taylor & Farley's celeste organs that were being played upon in S. Hamilton & Co.'s salesrooms. Had Gen. Grant been along we know there should have been a halt in the procession, as then a Bradbury piano and Decker, and could never have stood a step when one was being played. We may also add that all veterans and visitors are especially and cordially invited to call and examine the instruments at S. Hamilton & Co.'s. Get their terms and prices at 51 Fifth avenue, next door to Burbell's Museum, (up stairs).

Peach, Pistache, Strawberry, Bisque, Plombmerie, Vanilla and Chocolate Ice Creams, Lemon Water Ice and Frozen Cream, at J. B. Hubley's, No. 195 Penn avenue.

Our Mothers,

who were the best and tidiest housewives in the world—excepting our grandmothers!—took especial pride in the possession of rows of tinware that glistened like a polished mirror. Every article about their houses susceptible of polish, including the brass kettle, was regularly brightened up until it fairly glistened. With their primative materials, such as Bath brick, emery, rotton stone, etc., it was a serious labor, albeit one of love. Now-a-days, however, that daughter's use Sapolio, and in one hour can polish more articles and do it better than they could in a whole day. If you wish to excel your mothers in the brightness of your kitchen ware, use Sapolio. 1&8.

Cheap Goods.

Our lady readers can secure the very best of bargains by buying their Dress Goods at No. 26 Fifth avenue, where is now being opened an excellent assortment of new goods. The most prominent feature of this house is its extending City, Tuesday, September 16, 1873, by the Rev. line of colored Alpacas of all the new shades for twenty-five cents and upwards. Extraordinary bargains are being offered in Black Silks, All-Wool Satines, and Fancy Dress Goods of which may be found a large and varied assortment of choice styles and very cheap. The goods are all imported to the order of this house and are genuine in name and quality. Splendid bargains at No. 26 Fifth avenue.

Park Savings Bank.

This institution, located at 192 Federal street, Allegheny, has, by its economical and judicious management, secured the confidence of depositors and the business community generally, having just declared a dividend of five per cent. out of the profits for the last six months. The stockholders, who are men of wealth and sterling integrity, individually liable. The officers have been chosen for their business qualities, and especially their financial abilities. Depositors and others have, therefore, an absolute guarantee as to its safeness and soundness, and as such, we cheerfully commend it to those who may wish their banking affairs conducted with courtesy, promptness and reliability.

An Alarm of Fire

to one who has property uninsured, is always most unwelcome tidings, but to him, who, in judicious prudence and forethought, has provided against this bad master, the news conveys but little terror. Therefore, if you would feel the pleasure of calmness and contentment, be insured in a company which has gained a reputation for safety, reliability and prompt adjustment. Such a one is the Teutonia Insurance Company, of No. 206 East Ohio street, Allegheny. Being exceedingly well officered, its affairs are managed with admirable economy and business promptitude.

Where You can see Gen. Grant.

The "Great Chieftain" will hold a Grand Levee every day this week in the Seventeenth ward, Lawrenceville, at the corner of Thirty-eighth and Butler streets, in front of the Furniture Ware Rooms of W. H. Porter, who by selling furniture 25 per cent. cheaper than any other dealer, congregates such immense crowds, that no where else could the President receive so many people. He has five men busy forwarding goods to his customers and still they come. He is giving his goods away and other dealers should indict him for maintaining a monopoly.

Persons attending the Soldier's Convention will find J. B. Hubley Co.'s, in Library Building, a nice place to take their meals.

The Irish Girl's Broom.

"Well, Biddy, did you sweep the dust off the pavement?" "Yes sir." "And did you do it with alacrity?" "No, sir, I done it with one of the brooms you bought from Mardorf & Co." "Very right, Biddy, but how do these brooms last? Are they worth anything?" "Yes, sir, they are very good, so good indeed that I have a notion to take a ship-load over to Oald Ireland. I know I could sell them there at a dollar a piece." "Biddy, I'll go right away and order a dozen more of Mardorf's brooms. No broom but Mardorf's for me."

Ever Busy.

As you stroll down Smithfield street, observe No. 53 on said street. Call in and examine the very fine assortment of cloths, cassim